

Ekonomikas un kultūras augstskola (EKA University of Applied Sciences) Riga, Latvia

Courses for Erasmus+ students

Academic year 2019/2020, Spring semester 2020

Dear incoming Erasmus+ students,

Below you will find a list of courses offered for international students in the English language for the next semester (Spring 2020).

If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact me at erasmus@eka.edu.lv .

Kind regards,

Marina Tihomirova EKA University of Applied Sciences Institutional Erasmus+ coordinator

Courses joining student groups (in English)

| Management first year | КР | ECTS |
|-----------------------|----|------|
| Logistics | 2 | 3 |
| Brand Management | 2 | 3 |
| Latvian Language | 2 | 3 |
| Accounting | 4 | 6 |
| Macroeconomics | 4 | 6 |
| Philosophy | 2 | 3 |
| Research Methodology | 4 | 6 |
| | | |

Management second

| Sales Management | 4 | 6 |
|---------------------------------|---|---|
| Human Resources Management | 4 | 6 |
| Statistics | 4 | 6 |
| Business Economics and Planning | 6 | 9 |

Management third

| Quality Management | 2 | 3 |
|---------------------|---|---|
| Project Management | 4 | 6 |
| Document Management | 2 | 3 |

Online courses with MBA Master students

| Business Risk Management | 4 | 6 |
|-----------------------------------|---|---|
| Intellectual Property Protection | 4 | 6 |
| Business Value Management | 4 | 6 |
| Corporate Finance Management | 4 | 6 |
| Financial Markets and Investments | 4 | 6 |

| PROJECT N | MANAGEMENT |
|--|---|
| Author/-s of the study course: | |
| Mg.oec. Aija Staškeviča | |
| Credits (Latvian): | ECTS: |
| 4 | 6 |
| Final evaluation form: | |
| Examination | |
| Study course prerequisites: | |
| Management, Introduction to accounting | |
| Study course aim: | |
| The aim of the course is to give students knowledge, skills | and competencies in project management field. |
| Study course learning outcomes (Knowledge, Skills, 0 | Competencies): |
| 1. Student knows and understands the essence and conce | 1 1 3 |
| 2. Student is able to calculate and use the evaluation of of | factiveness of project investments |

- Student is able to calculate and use the evaluation of effectiveness of project investments.
- 3. Student is able to find a solution to a specific problem in the industry, preparing the project within the sector.
- 4. Student is able to independently find needed information and analyze it to gain knowledge about a particular topic in the field of project management.
- 5. Student is able to prepare the application for the project according to determined structure;
- 6. Student is able to present the results of independent work.

Study course calendar plan:

- 7. Student knows current events in project management sector.
- 8. Student is familiar with preparation of project proposal and implementation stages.
- 9. Student understands project management concepts and main regulations.

Study course thematic plan: Introduction to project management 2. Definition of project problem and objective 3. Analysis of project environment 4. Analysis of project alternatives Definition of project solution and project proposal 5. 6. Concept of project life cycle. Structure plan. 7. Analysis of project risks 8. Planning of project resources, costs and revenues 9. Management of project team 10. Control of project

| | | Lecture contact ho | Lecture contact hours (incl. seminars, discussions) | | |
|-----|---|--------------------|---|---|--|
| No. | Topic | full-time studies | part-time studies | part-time studies with e - learning elements | |
| 1. | Introduction to project management | 4 | | | |
| 2. | Definition of project problem and objective | 4 | | | |
| 3. | Analysis of project environment | 6 | | | |
| 4. | Analysis of project alternatives | 4 | | | |
| 5. | Definition of project solution and project proposal | 6 | | | |
| 6. | Concept of project life cycle. Structure plan. | 6 | | | |
| 7. | Analysis of project risks | 4 | | | |

| Stud | Study course calendar plan: | | | | |
|------|---|--------------------|-------------------------|---|--|
| | | | | | |
| | | Lecture contact ho | ours (incl. seminars, d | liscussions) | |
| No. | Topic | full-time studies | part-time studies | part-time studies with e - learning elements | |
| 8. | Planning of project resources, costs and revenues | 8 | | | |
| 9. | Management of project team | 2 | | | |
| 10. | Control of project | 4 | | | |
| | Total: | 48 | | | |

| Independent | work description: | |
|-------------------------|--|--|
| Study form | Type of independent work | Form of control |
| | To formulate a project idea, based on official sources of information, a project goal and tasks, to justify the need for a project, and to make environmental analysis. Compulsory literature: sources No. 2, 6, 8. | Independent work in form of report and presentation. Discussion with audience. |
| Full-time | To analyse environment and stakeholders, to design structural plan of a project. Compulsory literature: sources No. 1, | Independent work in form of report and presentation. Discussion with audience. |
| Studies | 3. | |
| | To analyse risks and design financial plan of a project. | Work in groups |
| | Compulsory literature: sources No. 3, 4, 9. | |
| | Based on the theoretical knowledge, to develop a project application. | Presentation, seminar |
| | Compulsory literature: sources No. 4, 5. | |
| | | |
| Part-time | | |
| studies | | |
| | | |
| Part-time studies with | | |
| e -learning elements | | |

| Structure of the study course: | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--------------------------------|-------|----------------------------|---|------------------------------------|
| | Contact hours | | | | | | |
| Study form | Lecture contact hours (incl. seminars, discussions etc.) | Consultations, guest lectures, conferences, study visits, workshops, business games and simulations etc. | Final evaluation in the course | Total | Individual work (hours) | Compulsory reading and/or audio and video material listening/watch ing | Total course credit hours |
| full-time studies | 48 | 12 | 4 | 64 | 64 | 32 | 160 |
| part-time studies | | | | | | | |
| part-time studies with e -learning elements | | | | | | | |

| The | structure of final grade: Test -20 | %; Practical tasks a | at seminars - 20%; | Independent work | c - 30%; Exam: 30 | %. |
|-----|--|--|---|--|--|---|
| | | Evaluation criteria | | | | |
| No. | Learning outcome | Evaluation method/-s | Minimum level (40% till 64%) | Average level (65% till 84%) | High level (85% till 94%) | Excellent level (95% till 100%) |
| 1. | Student knows and understands the essence and concepts of project management | Test | 40-64% of tasks performed correctly | 65-84% of tasks performed correctly | 85-94% of tasks performed correctly | 95-100% of tasks performed correctly |
| 2. | Student is able to calculate and use the evaluation of effectiveness of project investments; is able to find a solution to a specific problem in the industry, preparing the project within the sector. | Practical tasks | 40-64% of tasks performed correctly. Student has difficulties to offer a solution to the identified problem, lack of understanding of a project preparation. | 65-84% of tasks performed correctly. Student is able to offer a solution to the identified problem, has difficulties with a project preparation. | 85-94% of tasks performed correctly. Student is able to offer a solution to the identified problem and is able to prepare a project. | 95-100% of tasks performed correctly. Student is able to offer a reasonable solution to the identified problem and is able to prepare project. |
| 3. | Student is able to independently find needed information and analyze it to gain knowledge about a particular topic in the field of project management; is able to prepare the application for the project according to determined structure; is able to present the results of independent work. | Independent work with presentation | 40-64% of application of project performed correctly. | 65-84% of application of project performed correctly. | 85-94% of application of project performed correctly. | 95-100% of application of project performed correctly. |
| 4. | Student knows current events in project management sector; is familiar with preparation of project proposal and implementation stages; understands project management concepts and main regulations. | Examination | Student knows 40-64 % of stages of preparation and implementation of project application. Lack of understanding of the essential concepts and regularities of project management. | Student knows 65-84 % of stages of preparation and implementation of project application. Student understands the essential concepts of project management, but has difficulties with understanding of regularities of project management. | Student knows 85-94 % of stages of preparation and implementation of project application. Student understands the essential concepts and regularities of project management. | Student knows 95-100 % of stages of preparation and implementation of project application. Student understands exceptionally the essential concepts and regularities of project management. |

| Litera | ature and information sources: |
|--------|---|
| Com | pulsory literature and information sources |
| 1. | Crowe Andy (2016). Alpha Project Managers: What the Top 2% Know That Everyone Else Does Not. |
| | Velociteach; None edition, 208 p. ISBN: 978-0990907411 |
| 2. | Džounss R. (2008). Projektu vadības pamati: praktisks ceļvedis projektu vadībā un izpildē. Rīga : Lietišķās |
| | informācijas dienests, 222 lpp. ISBN 9789984826059 |
| 3. | Ezerarslan, A.S., Koc Aytekin, G. (2018). The Effectiveness of Cost-Oriented Project Management Process |
| | in Businesses. International Journal of Eurasia Social Sciences / Uluslararasi Avrasya Sosyal Bilimler Dergisi, |
| | Vol. 9 Issue 33, p1452-1487. 36p. |
| 4. | Hugo, F. D., Pretorius, L., Benade, S. J. (2018). Some Aspects of the Use and Usefulness of Quantative |
| | Risk Analysis Tools in Project Management. South African Journal of Industrial Engineering, Vol. 29 Issue 4, |
| | p116-128. 13p. |
| 5. | Jangs L. T. (2009) Kā vadīt projektu. Rīga: Zvaigzne ABC, 152 lpp. ISBN 978-9934-0-0232-8 |
| 6. | Projektu vadītāja profesijas standarts. APSTIPRINĀTS ar Izglītības un zinātnes ministrijas 2003.gada |
| | 29.decembra rīkojumu Nr. 649. [tiešsaiste] [skatīts 10.07.2019.] Pieejams: |
| | http://visc.gov.lv/profizglitiba/dokumenti/standarti/ps0222.pdf |
| 7. | Ranf, D.E., Herman, R. (2018) Knowledge Managements Contributions in Project Management, Revista |
| | Academiei Fortelor Terestre, Vol. 23 Issue 4, p288-293. 6p. |

| 9. | Rokasgrāmata Eiropas Savienības projektu izveidē un vadībā, Rucavas novads, 2012. 116 lpp. Savescu, D. (2018). Project's Management. Some Aspects. Fiability & Durability / Fiabilitate si |
|--------|---|
| 9. | Savescu, D. (2018), Project's Management, Some Aspects, Fiability & Durability / Fiabilitate si |
| | |
| | Durabilitate, Issue 1, p299-304. 6p. |
| Additi | ional literature and information sources |
| 1. | Barker S. (2014), Brilliant Project Management (Brilliant Business) 3rd Revised edition Edition, Trans-Atlantic |
| | Publications, 200 p., ISBN: 978-1292083230 |
| 2. | Ferguson R. (2014) Finally! Performance Assessment That Works: Big Five Performance Management, 134 |
| | p. |
| 3. | Fried J., Heinemeier Hansson D. (2013) Remote: Office Not Required. London: Ebury Publishing, 256 pages. |
| | ISBN 0091954673 |
| 4. | Graham N. (2015) Project Management For Dummies. New York: John Wiley & Sons Inc, 424 pages. ISBN |
| | 1119025737 |
| 5. | Kerzner, H. (2013) Project management: a systems approach to planning, scheduling, and controlling, 11th |
| | Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2013. 1296 p. |
| 6. | Kogon K., Blakemore S., Wood J. (2015). Project Management for the Unofficial Project Manager, BenBella |
| | Books, Inc., 256 p., ISBN 9781941631119 |
| 7. | Moreira M.E. (2017). The Agile Enterprise: Building and Running Agile Organizations 1st ed. Edition, Apress, |
| | 296 p., ISBN-13: 978-1484223901 |
| 8. | Project Management Institute (2017). Guide to the Project Management Body of Knowledge (PMBOK® |
| | Guide)-Sixth Edition, Project Management Institute, 760 p. ISBN 9781628253900 |
| 9. | SIA "NK Konsultāciju birojs" (2013). Rokasgrāmata Projekti vadīšanā, 183 lpp. |
| 10. | Sutherland J. (2014), Scrum: The Art of Doing Twice the Work in Half the Time, Random House Audio |
| | information sources |
| 1. | <u>www.altum.lv</u> – finanšu attīstības institūcija ALTUM |
| 2. | <u>www.bizness.lv</u> – Latvijas nacionālais biznesa portāls |
| 3. | www.esfondi.lv - ES fondu plānošanu, vadību, uzraudzību, izvērtēšanu, kā arī ES fondu vadību Latvijā |
| | regulējošie normatīvie dokumenti un cita saistoša informācija par Finanšu ministrijas kā Eiropas Savienības |
| | fondu vadošās iestādes pārziņā esošajiem jautājumiem. |
| 4. | <u>www.fastcompany.com/</u> - biznesa e-portāls |
| 5. | <u>www.indiegogo.com/</u> - pūļa finansējuma platforma |
| | www.ipma.world/ - Starptautiskā projektu vadības asociācija |
| | <u>www.kickstarter.com</u> – pūļa finansējuma platforma |
| 8. | <u>www.labsoflatvia.lv</u> – Latvijas start-up komūnas e-portāls |
| 9. | www.liaa.gov.lv - Latvijas investīciju un attīstības aģentūra |
| 10. | <u>www.likumi.lv</u> - VSIA "Latvijas Vēstnesis" |
| 11. | <u>www.lnpva.lv</u> – Latvijas Nacionālā projektu vadītāju asociācija |
| | <u>www.lsif.lv</u> – Sabiedrības integrācijas fonds |
| 13. | www.managementtoday.co.uk/ - menedžmenta e-portāls |
| 14. | <u>www.ted.com</u> – nevalstiska globālo ideju kustība |
| 15. | www.viaa.gov.lv - Valsts izglītības attīstības aģentūra |
| 16. | www.vraa.gov.lv - Valsts reģionālās attīstības aģentūra |

BRAND MANAGEMENT

| Study | Study course author: | | | | | |
|--------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Dr.ph | Dr.phil., professor Velga Vēvere | | | | | |
| Credi | its: | ECTS credits: | | | | |
| 2 | | 3 | | | | |
| Form | of testing: | | | | | |
| Exam | nination | | | | | |
| Prelin | minary knowledge: | | | | | |
| Mana | gement; Marketing | | | | | |
| | of the study course: | | | | | |
| Ensu | re necessary knowledge, skills and competences in t | he field of brand management | | | | |
| Study | y course tasks (knowledge, skills, competences) | | | | | |
| 3 | | planning and plan implementation ation ing information for creating and sustaining brand capital | | | | |
| Cont | ent of the study course (thematical plan): | | | | | |
| 1. | Essence and significance of brand management in | company (organization) | | | | |
| 2. | Development of brand management (history and so | hools) | | | | |
| 3. | Brand management in different spheres | | | | | |
| 4. | External identificators of brand (name, logotype, slogan, packaging) | | | | | |
| 5. | Brand development, strategic, operative and admin | | | | | |
| 6. | Brand portofolio management | | | | | |
| 7. | Place branding | | | | | |
| 8 | Brand promotion | | | | | |

| Cale | ndar plan of the course: | | | |
|------|---|-------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| | | | | |
| | | Number | of contact hours discussio | (lectures, seminars, ons) |
| Nr. | Theme | Full time studies | Part time studies | Part-time studies with e-study elements* |
| 11. | Essence and significance of brand management in company (organization): Definitions of a brand Branded products and generic products Brand analysis models | 2 | | |
| 12. | Development of brand management (history and schools): | 2 | | |
| 3. | Brand management in different spheres: Producer's brand Service brand Co-branding Private labels (brands in retailing) | 4 | | |
| 14. | External identificators of brand: | 2 | | |
| 15. | Brand development: | 4 | | |
| 16. | Brand portofolio management: | 4 | | |

| Cale | Calendar plan of the course: | | | | | | |
|------|------------------------------|-------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | | |
| | | * | ontact hours (lectures, seminars, discussions) | | | | |
| Nr. | Theme | Full time studies | Part time studies | Part-time studies with e-study elements* | | | |
| 17. | Place branding: | 2 | | | | | |
| 18. | Brand promotion: | 4 | | | | | |
| | In sum: | 24 | | | | | |

^{*} Ja programmā šis kurss nav pieejams šādā formā, tad šīs ailes ir jāaizkrāso ar gaiši pelēko krāsu

| Type of independent work | Control form |
|---|----------------|
| Brief description of the independent work: | Essay, seminar |
| Read scientific articles and be able to discuss the concept of " brand", as well as the latest trends in brand management | |
| Compulsory reading: Sources: 6, 7 (compulsory literature) | |
| 2. Prepare analysis of a brand | Presentation, |
| Compulsory reading: Sources: 2, 4, 5 (compulsory literature) | discussion |
| | |

| Organization and volume of a study course: | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|---|---|-----------|--------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|--|
| | | Contact ho | ours | | | | | |
| Study form | Contact hours of lectures, seminars, discussions | Consultations, guest lecturers, conferences, study excursions, business games, etc. | Final test (examination, test, defence) | In sum | Hours of individual work | Compulsory reading and/or watching/listen ing of audio/video material | In sum Hours in the study course | |
| Pilna laika | 24 | 6 | 2 | 32 | 32 | 16 | 80 | |
| Part time | | | | | | | | |
| Part time with e- study elements | | | | | | | | |

Course requirements and result evaluation:

Within the course students have to prepare two independent tasks and participate in 1 seminar, as well as they have to attend not less than 50% of lectures and pass the written examination. The final grade consists of the mean of all evaluations (2 independent tasks + exam)

Figure 1. Seminar, as well as they have to attend not less than 50% of lectures and pass the written examination. The final grade consists of the mean of all evaluations (2 independent tasks + exam)

| | | | Evaluation criteria | | | | |
|------|----------------------|----------------|---------------------|------------------|--------------------|-----------------|--|
| Nr. | Course result | Evaluation | Miimal level | Medium level | High level | Excellent | |
| INI. | Course result | method(s) | (from 40% to | (from 65% to | (from 85% to | (from 95% to | |
| | | | 64%) | 84%) | 94%) | 100%) | |
| 1. | Knowledge on the | Seminar, | Understands | Understands the | High level of | Free use of | |
| | essence of branding, | Discussion | the basic | basic notions | brand notion | brand | |
| | its principles and | exam | notions | and is able to | comprehension, | terminology, | |
| | methods | | | characterize | ability to give | ablity to | |
| | | | | brand types | description of | analyze, | |
| | | | | | brand typology | discuss the | |
| | | | | | | trends | |
| 2. | Knowledge on the | Class activity | Understands | Understands the | | Understands | |
| | strategic planning | Discussion | the structure | structure of the | Understands the | the planing | |
| | and plan | Exam | of the plan | plan and is able | planing process | process and is | |
| | implementation | | | to draw a plan | on the strategical | able to draw up | |
| | | | | outline | level | the brand | |
| | | | | | ievei | development | |
| | | | | | | strategy | |
| 3. | Knowledge on brand | Presentation | Knows the | Knows the brand | Nows the brand | Can evaluate | |
| | equity evaluation | Discussion | brand | structure and is | evaluation | the brand and | |

| | | | structure and is able to characterize it | able to analyze each particular elements | methods and can apply them in practice | create the equity model |
|----|---|-----------------------------|--|---|---|--|
| 4. | Skills in gathering and processing information for creating and sustaining brand capital | Essay Discussion Exam | Has basic skills to gather information from different sources | Can evaluate information critically, still has some problems in formulation questions | Has very good skills in finding and processin necessary information, can formulate the research problem | Has excellent skills in information gathering and processing and in formulating research problem |
| 6. | Comptence in problem discussing, problem solving and presenting | Case study Discussion | Can identify basic problems with brand and present results | Can dentify problems with brand and present results, still lack some problem solving skills | Can identify and formulate problems with brand, offer problem solving ways and present results | Can identify and formulate problems with brand, design a problem solving model and present findings on the excellent level |

| Lite | rature and other information sources: |
|------|---|
| Cor | npulsory literature and information sources |
| 1. | Elliot R., Percy L. (2007). Strategic brand management. Oxford: Oxford University Press. |
| 2. | Keller K. L. (2013). Strategic Brand Management Building, Measuring, and Managing Brand Equity. Boston: |
| | Pearon. |
| 3. | Kapferer J. N. (2012). The new strategic brand management :advanced insights and strategic thinking. |
| | Philadelphia: Kogan Page. |
| 4. | Ghernev A. (2018). Strategic Brand Management, 2nd Edition. Northwestern University. |
| 5. | Rosenbaum-Elliott, R., Percy, L., Pervan, S. (2018). Strategic brand management. Oxford: Oxford University Press. |
| 6. | Balmer J. M. T., Abratt, R. (2016). Corporate brands and corporate marketing: emerging trends in the big five eco- |
| | system. Journal of brand management, 1. Available at: |
| | https://www.researchgate.net/publication/283720522 Corporate brands and corporate marketing Emerging trends in the bi |
| | g five eco-system |
| 7. | Grubor, A. Milovano, O. (2017). Brand Strategies in the Era of Sustainability. Interdisciplinary Description of Complex |
| | Systems 15(1), 78-88. Available at https://hrcak.srce.hr/file/259878 |
| | litional literature |
| 1. | Anholt, S. Competitive Identity. (2007). The New Brand Management for Natio ns, Cities and Regions. London: |
| | Palgrave Macmillan. |
| 2. | Kornberger, M. (2010).Brand Society. How Brands Transform Management and Life-style. Cambridge: Cambridge |
| | University Press. |
| 3. | Cocoran I. (2007). The Art of Digital Branding. New York: Allworth Press. |
| 4. | Tilde H. (2016). Brand management: research, theory and practice. London; New York: Routledge, 2016. |
| 5. | Brand Valuation. (2018).London ;New York : Routledge, Taylor & Francis Group. |
| 6. | Glanfield K. (2018). Brand transformation: transforming firm performance by disruptive, pragmatic and achievable |
| | brand. London ;New York, NY: Routledge, Taylor & Francis Group. |
| 7. | Barnett D.N. (2017). Brand protection in the online world : a comprehensive guide. New York, NY : Kogan Page. |
| 8. | Anholt S. (2010). Places: identity, image and reputation / Simon Anholt. Basingstoke; New York: Palgrave |
| | Macmillan. |
| _ | er information sources |
| 1. | https://www.adweek.com/brand-marketing/ |
| 2. | https://brandstruck.co/blog/ |
| 3. | https://identitydesigned.com/ |
| 4. | https://www.thebrandingjournal.com/ |

5. https://www.brandingstrategyinsider.com/

LOGISTICS

Credits 2
ECTS Credits 3
Student work load (academic hours)

Author:

Course abstract: The course is about logistics problems & solution within business environment.

The course includes following topics:

I The role of logistics within business environment. Development of logistics within business environment; the role of logistics for enterprises (goals of logistics, types of logistics, logistics flow, logistics channel); logistics grouping methods.

Il Logistic objects' location.

Logistic objects (manufactures, warehouses, depots, distribution centers, terminals) location problem for the particular city, country or region; the most important factors, influenced location problem; location logistic methods, situations' analysis..

III Transport process optimization and Entrepreneurship logistics.

Transport system efficiency evaluation; transport planning; international transportation route planning; local transportation route planning; route planning methods; route planning methods' usability and problems; micro-elements method for route planning; alternative transport mode and vehicle's choice depending on types of cargo, retail management and its tasks; own resources planning;

IV Warehouse system operation optimization.

Warehouse system as a part of the logistic chain; logistics process within a warehouse; optimization methods; goods location and handling problems;.

V Inventory planning system improvement into entrepreneurship.

The role of inventories for business; inventory grouping depending on the intensity of demand; inventory planning and control methods; inventory management during crisis period;.

VI Logisitcs service improvement within business environment.

LATVIAN LANGUAGE

| Author/-s of the study course: | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Assistant professor Zane Veidenberga, mg.edu.mgmnt., P | hD candidate | | | | |
| Credits (Latvian): | ECTS: | | | | |
| 2 | 3 | | | | |
| Final evaluation form: | | | | | |
| Examination | | | | | |
| Study course prerequisites: | | | | | |
| - | | | | | |
| Study course aim: | | | | | |
| To provide students with the acquisition of necessary know | vledge and skills required to obtain A1 level in the Latvian | | | | |

Study course learning outcomes (Knowledge, Skills, Competencies):

Language.

- 1. Students can recognise familiar words and very basic phrases concerning oneself, one's family and immediate concrete surroundings when people speak slowly and clearly.
- 2. Students can understand familiar names, words and very simple sentences.
- 3. Students can interact in a simple way provided the other person is prepared to repeat or rephrase things at a slower rate of speech and help them formulate what they are trying to say. They can ask and answer simple questions in areas of immediate need or on very familiar topics.
- 4. Students can write a short, simple text and fill in forms with personal details, for example, entering their name, nationality and address on a registration form.

| Stud | y course thematic plan: |
|------|---|
| 1. | Greeting and addressing. Introducing yourself. Contact details (Alphabet. Verbs būt, nebūt. Numbers 1-20. |
| | Pronouns.) |
| 2. | People, countries, languages and nationalities (Verbs dzīvot, runāt, strādāt, studēt.) |
| 3. | In a town and in the country (Verbs redzēt, apmeklēt + nouns in the relevant case.) |
| 4. | My home and my family (Verbs dzīvot, īrēt + nouns in the relevant case.) |
| 5. | Travelling and transport (Verbs iet, braukt, lidot + nouns in the relevant case.) |
| 6. | Daily routines (Times of the day, verbs ēst, dzert, lasīt, gulēt, darīt + nouns in the relevant case.) |
| 7. | In a shop and bank (Verbs <i>pirkt</i> , <i>pārdot</i> , <i>maksāt</i> + nouns in the relevant case.) |
| 8. | Food and meals (Verbs cept, vārīt, garšot, negaršot + nouns in the relevant case.) |

Study course calendar plan: Lecture contact hours (incl. seminars, discussions) No. Topic part-time studies with e full-time studies part-time studies learning elements 19. Greeting and addressing. Introducing yourself. 4 Contact details (Alphabet. Verbs būt, nebūt. Numbers 1-20. Pronouns.) 20. People, languages and 4 countries, nationalities (Verbs dzīvot, runāt, strādāt, 21. In a town and in the country (Verbs redzēt, 4 apmeklēt + nouns in the relevant case.) 22. My home and my family (Verbs dzīvot, īrēt + 4 nouns in the relevant case.) 23. Travelling and transport (Verbs iet, braukt, 4 *lidot* + nouns in the relevant case.) 24. Daily routines (Times of the day, verbs ēst, 4 dzert, lasīt, gulēt, darīt + nouns in the relevant case.) In a shop and bank (Verbs pirkt, pārdot, 25. 4 maksāt + nouns in the relevant case.) 26. Food and meals (Verbs cept, vārīt, garšot, 4 negaršot + nouns in the relevant case.) Total: 32

| Independent work description: | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Type of independent work | Form of control | | | | | | |
| Write a short story telling how you get from your hostel/ apartment to the university/ airport/ city centre etc. in at least 10 sentences. | Completed written task submitted in Moodle – marking + feedback | | | | | | |
| Prepare a 5 minute presentation (PowerPoint + speech) telling a story about yourself (or your daily routine, home, home country, city, family etc.). | Presentation, classroom discussion (questions – answers) | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | Type of independent work Write a short story telling how you get from your hostel/ apartment to the university/ airport/ city centre etc. in at least 10 sentences. Prepare a 5 minute presentation (PowerPoint + speech) telling a story about yourself (or your daily routine, | | | | | | |

| Structure of the study course: | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|---|-------|----------------------------|---|------------------------------------|
| | Contact hours | | | | | | |
| Study form | Lecture contact hours (incl. seminars, discussions etc.) | Consultations, guest lectures, conferences, study visits, workshops, business games and simulations etc. | Final evaluation in the course | Total | Individual work (hours) | Compulsory reading and/or audio and video material listening/watching | Total course credit hours |
| full-time studies | 32 | 6 | 2 | 40 | 24 | 16 | 80 |
| part-time studies | | | | | | | |
| part-time studies with e -learning elements | | | | | | | |

The evaluation of the study course learning outcomes:

Students shall:

- attend at least 70% of contact classes and take an active participation in classroom activities;
- complete successfully 2 independent work assignments (see *Independent work description* table) meeting the requirements for A1 level;
- pass final test (consisting of oral and written part).

The final grade for the course is formed by successful completion of the 3 above mentioned requirements, i.e. active participation in classroom activities (20%), 2 independent work assignments (30%) and final test (50%).

| | | | | Evaluation | criteria | |
|-----|---|--|---|---|---|--|
| No. | Learning outcome | Evaluation method/-s | Minimum level (40% till 64%) | Average level (65% till 84%) | High level (85% till 94%) | Excellent level (95% till 100%) |
| 1. | Students can recognise familiar words and very basic phrases concerning oneself, one's family and immediate concrete surroundings when people speak slowly and clearly. | Practical reading exercises and listening tasks, question – answer sessions | Students can recognise 40%-64% of familiar words and very basic phrases | Students can recognise 65%-84% of familiar words and very basic phrases | Students can recognise 85%-94% of familiar words and very basic phrases | Students can recognise 95%-100% of familiar words and very basic phrases |
| 2. | Students can understand familiar names, words and very simple sentences. | Practical reading exercises and listening tasks, individual and pair work, question – answer sessions | Students can understand 40%-64% of familiar names, words and very simple sentences | Students can understand 65%-84% of familiar names, words and very simple sentences | Students can understand 85%-94% of familiar names, words and very simple sentences | Students can understa nd 95%- 100% of familiar names, words and very simple sentence s |

| 3. | Students can interact in a simple way provided the other person is prepared to repeat or rephrase things at a slower rate of speech and help them formulate what they are trying to say. They can ask and answer simple questions in areas of immediate need or on very familiar topics. | Practical speaking and listening tasks in pairs and groups, presentation | Students can ask simple questions, partially understand what is said/ asked, but have difficulties with providing answers | Students can ask simple questions, fully understand what is said/asked, but have difficulties with providing relevant answers due to grammatical or vocabulary issues | Students can interact asking simple questions and providing simple answers, but there are minor vocabulary and grammar issues | Students can freely interact asking simple questions and providing simple answers |
|----|--|--|---|---|---|--|
| 4. | Students can write a short, simple text and fill in forms with personal details, for example, entering their name, nationality and address on a registration form. | Written tasks (individual work), examination | 40%-64% of tasks completed correctly | 65%-84% of tasks completed correctly | 85%-94% of tasks completed correctly | 95%- 100% of tasks complete d correctly |

| | rature and information sources: | | | | |
|------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Con | Compulsory literature and information sources | | | | |
| 1. | Auziņa, I. et.al. (2014). <i>A1 Laipa. Latviešu valodas mācību grāmata</i> . Rīga: Latviešu valodas aģentūra. | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Add | litional literature and information sources | | | | |
| 1. | Dumpe, D. (2009). Latvian in three months. Rīga: Zvaigzne ABC. | | | | |
| 2. | Ozola, N. (2005). Латышский язык за три месяца. Rīga: Zvaigzne ABC. | | | | |
| 3. | Poikāns, K. (2014). Es protu latviešu valodu. Testu krājums (A1, A2). Rīga: Zvaigzne ABC. | | | | |
| 4. | Svarinska, A. (2003). Latviešu valoda. Mācību kurss 25 nodarbībām. Rīga: Zvaigzne ABC. | | | | |
| Othe | er information sources Latvian Academy of Science Terminology Comission. Akadterm. Online dictionary. [Accessed 30.11.2018.] | | | | |
| 1. | Available at: http://termini.lza.lv/term.php | | | | |
| 2. | European Comission. Eur-lex. Translation corpus. [Accessed 30.11.2018.] Available at: http://eur-lex.europa.eu | | | | |
| 3. | Linguee. Online LV-ENG/ENG-LV dictionary. [Accessed 30.11.2018.] Available at: | | | | |
| | http://www.linguee.com/english-latvian/ | | | | |
| 4. | Sproģe, I., Kaupers, R. Joka pēc alfabēts [Accessed 30.11.2018.] Available at: | | | | |
| | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=W5e9GJfHC4A&index=4&list=PLqJcHm-6n4cGcJ_AWZisWAL5FZ53xCsg0 | | | | |
| 5. | Tilde. Letonika. Online dictionary [Accessed 30.11.2018.] Available at: | | | | |
| | https://www.letonika.lv/groups/default.aspx?g=2 | | | | |
| 6. | Tilde. Online LV-ENG/ENG-LV dictionary and translation tool. [Accessed 30.11.2018.] Available at: | | | | |
| | https://www.tilde.lv/ | | | | |
| 7. | Zīle, U. Mācāmies krāsas. [Accessed 30.11.2018.] Available at: | | | | |
| | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gylg2qAj_dE&list=PLqJcHm-6n4cGcJ_AWZisWAL5FZ53xCsg0' | | | | |
| 8. | Zīle, U. Mācāmies skaitīt līdz desmit, mācāmies ciparus.[Accessed 30.11.2018.] Available at: | | | | |
| | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=f4-CcCJ0Ni8&index=2&list=PLqJcHm-6n4cGcJ_AWZisWAL5FZ53xCsq0 | | | | |

| Accounting | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Auth | or/-s of the study course: | | | |
| Dr.oe | c. Vita Zariņa, prof. | | | |
| Credits (Latvian): ECTS: | | ECTS: | | |
| 4 | 4 6 | | | |
| Final | evaluation form: | | | |
| exam | 1 | | | |
| Stud | y course prerequisites: | | | |
| Micro | economics | | | |
| | | | | |
| Stud | y course aim: | | | |
| To pr | ovide students with the necessary knowledge, skills a | and competences in accounting | | |
| Study | y course learning outcomes (Knowledge, Skills, | Competencies): | | |
| 1.Know and understand the mane meanings and concepts of accounting 2. Know the latest laws and regulations related to accounting 3. Is familiar with the accounting process and the organization of accounting 4. Able to apply the acquired knowledge in the field of accounting 5. Able to express, justify and defend his or her opinion 6. Able independently provide business transactions, to prepare statements 7. Able to analyze the accounting organization | | | | |
| | Study course thematic plan: Accounting, its role and tasks. Accounting requirements. Accounting systems, types and forms | | | |
| 1. | | 5 7 11 | | |
| 2. | Classification and charactics of economic resources | | | |
| 3. | Accounts and double entry system. Balance account | · | | |
| 4. | Accounts and double entry system. Balance account | nts and operations accounts. Chart of accounts | | |
| 5 | Accounting and valuation of balance sheet and profit or loss items | | | |

| Study | course | calend | lar n | lan: |
|-------|--------|--------|-------|------|

Documentation and Inventorization

Organization of accounting in the company

Accounting statements. Company Annual Report and it's Components

6.

7.

8.

| | | Lecture contact hours (incl. seminars, discussions) | | | |
|-----|---|---|-------------------|---|--|
| No. | Topic | full-time studies | part-time studies | part-time studies with e - learning elements | |
| 27. | Accounting, its role and tasks. Accounting requirements. Accounting systems, types and forms | 4 | | | |
| 28. | Classification and charactics of economic resources and their sources in the business | 4 | | | |
| 29. | Accounting balance sheet and its characteristics. Changes in balance sheet as a result of business operations | 8 | | | |
| 30. | Accounts and double entry system. Balance accounts and operations accounts. Chart of accounts | 4 | | | |
| 31. | Accounting and valuation of balance sheet and profit or loss items | 20 | | | |
| 32. | Documentation and Inventorization | 2 | | | |
| 33. | Accounting statements. Company Annual Report and it's Components | 4 | | | |
| 34. | Organization of accounting in the company | 2 | | | |
| | Total: | 48 | | | |

| Independent work description: | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|---|-----------------|---|--|--|
| Study form | Type of independent work | Form of control | | | |
| full-time studies | Short description of the individual / practical task: 1. Classification of economic resources and their sources, initial balance sheet preparation, accounting of economic operations, accounts, closing of accounts and compilation of the closing balance sheet. 2. A complex task covering all processes of the accounting cycle 3. acquisition of accounting theory questions 4. Acquisition of correspondence on accounts of business operations Brief description of mandatory reading and / or listening to audio and video material: To study literature included in the list of obligatory sources on the | | 2 tests 2 selfstudies tasks seminar | | |
| part-time studies | | | | | |
| part-time studies with | | | | | |
| e -learning | | | | | |
| elements | | | | | |

| Structure of the study course: | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|---|-------|----------------------------|---|------------------------------------|
| | | Contact hours | 3 | | | | |
| Study form | Lecture contact hours (incl. seminars, discussions etc.) | Consultations, guest lectures, conferences, study visits, workshops, business games and simulations etc. | Final evaluation in the course | Total | Individual work (hours) | Compulsory reading and/or audio and video material listening/watching | Total course credit hours |
| full-time studies | 52 | 8 | 4 | 64 | 64 | 32 | 160 |
| part-time studies | | | | | | | |
| part-time studies with e -learning elements | | | | | | | |

The evaluation of the study course learning outcomes:

The final evaluation of the study course for full-time students consists of successfully completed two independent works, successfully passed two tests, active participation in discussions (seminar) during the classes and successfully passed the examination in the scope of the study course subjects

The final evaluation of the study course for part-time students consists of successfully completed two independent works, successfully passed two tests, active participation in discussions (seminar) during the classes and successfully passed the examination in the scope of the study course subjects

| | T | I | 1 | - · · · | | |
|-----|--|--------------------------------|--|---|---|---|
| | | | | Evaluation | criteria | |
| No. | Learning outcome | Evaluation method/-s | Minimum level (40% till 64%) | Average level (65% till 84%) | High level (85% till 94%) | Excellent level (95% till 100%) |
| 1. | Know and understand the mane meanings and concepts of accounting | Selfstudy Discusion test | Familiar with the most important basic concepts, their nature and importance in accounting | Knows the key concepts, nature and importance in accounting | Knows and understands the most important basic concepts, their essence and importance in accounting | Good knowledge and understanding of the nature, meaning and concepts of accounting |
| 2. | Know the latest laws and regulations related to accounting | Discusion test | Knows only minimal requirements of the main accounting normative regulation | Partly familiar with the accounting normative regulation | Knows and is able to explain the requirements of the normative regulation of accounting | Freely orientated to the requirements of accounting legislation |

| 3. | Is familiar with the accounting process and the organization of accounting | Selfstudy Discusion test | Minimum knowledge in accounting organization and accounting work organization | Partly familiar with the accounting process and the organization of accounting work | Knows the accounting process and the organization of accounting work | Knows the accounting process and the organization of accounting work very well |
|----|--|--------------------------------|---|--|--|---|
| 4. | Able to apply the acquired knowledge in the field of accounting | Selfstudy Discusion test | Unable to apply accounting knowledge independently | Is capable of independently applying accounting knowledge | Able to apply the acquired knowledge in the field of accounting, related to accounting | Able to apply the knowledge acquired in the field of accounting in a professional manner in connection with accounting |
| 5. | Able to express, justify and defend his or her opinion | Discusion | Not able to reasonably argue, justify and defend one's opinion | There is a lack of skills to express, justify and defend one's opinion | Able to express their point of view reasonably, but have difficulty arguing for it | Able to express, justify, discuss and defend one's opinion |
| 6. | Able independently provide business transactions, to prepare statements | Selfstudy Discusion | It is difficult to independently carry out accounting work related to accounting of business processes | Is capable of independently carrying out accounting operations related to the accounting of business processes | Able to independently perform accounting processes, but make mistakes in solving individual issues | Ability to independently perform accounting related accounting processes |
| 7. | Able to analyze the accounting organization | Selfstudy Discusion test | Is able to analyze the organization of accounting work, is not able to identify problems and find possible solutions | Ability to independently analyze and evaluate the organization of accounting work, unable to identify problems and find possible solutions | Is able to independently analyze and evaluate the organization of accounting work, identify problems and use different research methods, find possible solutions | Able to independently analyze and evaluate accounting work, see problems and use different research methods to find solutions for improving accounting work |

| Lite | rature and information sources: |
|------|---|
| Con | npulsory literature and information sources |
| 1. | Shields, G. (2018). Accounting Principles. The Utimate Quide to Basic Accounting Principles, Gaap, Accrual Accounting, Financial statements, Doble Entry Bookkeeping and More. Leipzig: Amazon. |
| 2. | Maynard ,J. (2017). Financial Accounting ,Reporting&Analysis. United Kingdom : Oxford University Press. |
| 3. | Sangster ,A. (2018) . Frank Wood's Business Accounting 1. Harlow: Pearson. |
| Add | litional literature and information sources |
| 1. | Financial Accounting and Reporting (IFRS). (2018). Icaew: Partner in Learning. |
| 2. | Shields,G. (2017). Bookkeeping and Accountings. The Ultimate Quide to Basic Bookkeeping and Basic Accounting Principles For Small Business. Leipzig: Amazon. |
| 3. | Atrill ,P., McLaney, E. (2018). Management Accounting for Decision Makers. Harlow: Pearson. |
| 4. | Terence ,C.M. (2018). Corporate Finance. London and New York: Routledge. |
| Oth | er information sources |
| 1. | Accounting, https://www.investopedia.com/terms/a/accounting.asp |
| 2. | Accounting Basics, https://www.accountingcoach.com/accounting-basics/explanation |

| PHILOSOPHY | | | |
|--|-------|--|--|
| | | | |
| Author/-s of the study course: | | | |
| Velga Vēvere, Dr.phil., prof. | | | |
| Credits (Latvian): | ECTS: | | |
| 3 | 2 | | |
| Final evaluation form: | | | |
| Examination | | | |
| Study course prerequisites: | | | |
| Secondary school level education in history and culture and literature | | | |
| Study course aim: | | | |
| To ensure students' gaining the necessary knowledge, skills and competences in the field of philosophy | | | |
| Study course learning outcomes (Knowledge, Skills, Competencies): | | | |

- 1. Knows and understands the essence of philosophy and its role in society.
- 2. Knows the historical and contemporary models of philosophical analysis
- 3. Is able to accomplish philosophical analysis of the actual social economic and cultural problems
 4. Knows the basic principle of text analysis
 5. Is able to apply the methods of critical thinking

- 6. Is able to construct an argument and defend the personal position
- 7. Is able to gather and evaluate information

Study course calendar plan:

8. Is able to present results of the research, to write the argumentative essays

| Stud | y course thematic plan: |
|------|--|
| 1. | Essence of philosophy and its role in society |
| 2. | The European origins of philosophy – mythology, antiquity |
| 3. | The late antiquity and medieval philosophy |
| 4. | Classical philosophical conceptions of modern times |
| 5. | Philosophical approaches of the 19 th -21 st centuries – existentialism, philosophy of life, pragmatism, psychoanalysis, phenomenology, philosophy of life, hermeneutics |
| 6. | Philosophy of language, analytical philosophy and logical positivism |
| 7. | Philosophy and culture, semiotics of culture |
| 8. | Philosophy of science in the historical and contemporary perspective |
| 9. | Individual and society – social utopias, problem of power |
| 10. | Philosophy and economics, philosophy of money and consumption |

| | | Lecture contact ho | ours (incl. seminars, d | iscussions) | | |
|-----|---|--------------------|-------------------------|---|--|--|
| No. | Topic | full-time studies | part-time studies | part-time studies with e - learning elements | | |
| 35. | Essence of philosophy and its role in society | 2 | | | | |
| 36. | The European origins of philosophy – mythology, antiquity | 3 | | | | |
| 37. | The late antiquity and medieval philosophy | 2 | | | | |
| 38. | Classical philosophical conceptions of modern times | 3 | | | | |
| 39. | Philosophical approaches of the 19th-21st centuries – existentialism, philosophy of life, pragmatism, psychoanalysis, phenomenology, philosophy of life, hermeneutics | 4 | | | | |
| 40. | Philosophy of language, analytical philosophy and logical positivism | 2 | | | | |

| Stud | Study course calendar plan: | | | | | |
|------|--|---|-------------------|---|--|--|
| | | | | | | |
| | | Lecture contact hours (incl. seminars, discussions) | | | | |
| No. | Topic | full-time studies | part-time studies | part-time studies with e - learning elements | | |
| 41. | Philosophy and culture, semiotics of culture | 2 | | | | |
| 42. | Philosophy of science in the historical and contemporary perspective | 2 | | | | |
| 43. | Individual and society – social utopias, problem of power | 2 | | | | |
| 44. | Philosophy and economics, philosophy of money and consumption | 2 | | | | |
| | Total: | 24 | | | | |

| Independent | work description: | |
|--|--|-----------------------|
| Study form | Type of independent work | Form of control |
| full-time studies | To analyze philosophical texts supplied by the professor according to the particular scheme: a) the basic idea of the text (with arguments and quotes); b) information about the author; 3) actuality of the problems in the contemporary world To get ready for the test on main directions and concepts of philosophy Description of mandatory reading: Compulsory source 4, pp. | Independent work Test |
| | 365-463 2. Additional literature, source 1 | |
| part-time studies | | |
| part-time studies with e -learning elements | | |

| Structure of the study course: | | | | | | | |
|--|--|---|---|-------|----------------------------|---|------------------------------------|
| | Contact hours | | | | | | |
| Study form | Lecture contact hours (incl. seminars, discussions etc.) | Consultations, guest lectures, conferences, study visits, workshops, business games and simulations etc. | Final evaluation in the course | Total | Individual work (hours) | Compulsory reading and/or audio and video material listening/watching | Total course credit hours |
| full-time studies | 24 | 6 | 2 | 32 | 32 | 16 | 80 |
| part-time studies | | | | | | | |
| part-time studies with e -learning elements | | | | | | | |

| The e | The evaluation of the study course learning outcomes: | | | | | | |
|-------------------|---|-------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Evaluation criter | | | | ion criteria | _ | | |
| No. | Learning outcome | Evaluation method/-s | Minimum level (40% till 64%) | Average level (65% till 84%) | High level (85% till 94%) | Excellent level (95% till 100%) | |
| 1. | Knows and understands | Independent | Can name | Knows the | Is well familiar | Fully familiar | |

| | the essence of philosophy and its role in society | work, discussion, test | basic philosophical concepts, has some | basic concepts of philosophy, is able to identify | with the main concepts of philosophy, can independently | with the main concepts of philosophy, is able to judge |
|----|--|--|--|--|---|---|
| | | | understanding of the role of philosophy in society | problems and describe them | judge the role of philosophy in society | independently the role of philosophy in society and use knowledge in situation analysis. |
| 2. | Knows the historical and contemporary models of philosophical analysis | Independent work, discussion, test | Able to identify the main historical models of philosophical analysis, to describe them superficially | Is able to identify the main historical models of philosophical analysis, to describe them in depth | Is able to identify the main models of philosophical analysis, to characterize them and to analyze them in the modern context | Freely orientates in historical philosophical models of analysis, analyze them in contemporary context, make creative interpretation |
| 3. | Is able to accomplish philosophical analysis of the actual social economic and cultural problems | Independent work, discussion | Able to identify some topical socio-economic and cultural issues, to provide insight into philosophy | Is able to identify topical socio-economic and cultural problems, to make a philosophical description | Is able to identify topical socio-economic and cultural problems, to perform their philosophical analysis | Is able to identify topical socio-economic and cultural problems, critically analyze them and offer possible solutions |
| 4. | Knows the basic principle of text analysis | Discussion, group work | Knows the fundamentals of text analysis, is able to apply at elemental level | Knows the methods of text analysis, is able to apply them in practice | Well oriented in the basic principles of text analysis, is able to independently conduct philosophical research of texts | Fully familiar with the basic principles of text analysis, is able to independently conduct philosophical research |
| 5. | Is able to apply the methods of critical thinking | Discussion, Independent work, test | Able to identify, name and describe thinking mistakes | Able to identify, name and describe thinking mistakes, offer solutions | Able to use critical thinking techniques and techniques in text and situation analysis, to offer solutions | Able to critically analyze information and situations, present their views and find solutions |
| 6. | Is able to construct an argument and defend the personal position | Independent work, discussion, test | Able to form philosophical reasoning according to the proposed models | Able to form philosophical reasoning according to the proposed models, to defend one's opinion | Able to use philosophical argumentation methods creatively, to form counterarguments, to discuss | Able to use philosophical argumentation methods creatively, to create counter-arguments, to discuss, to conduct discussions |
| 7. | Is able to gather and evaluate information | Independent work, discussion | Is able to find the necessary sources in libraries and online databases with the help of a teacher | Is able to independently find the necessary sources in libraries, online databases, select and evaluate it | Is able to independently find the necessary sources in libraries, online databases, evaluate it and use it for research | Is able to independently find the necessary sources in libraries and online databases, use it creatively in scientific research and make original |

| | | | | | | conclusions |
|----|---|---------------------|--|---|---|---|
| 8. | Is able to present results of the research, to write the argumentative essays | Independent work | Able to describe the results of the study in the essay | Able to present the results of the study in the essay and present them in the classroom | Is able to present the results of the research in a reasoned essay, justify its conclusions and present the results to the audience | Able to describe the results of the study, to be able to argue its conclusions, to speak in front of the audience, and to conduct student discussions |

| Lito | rature and information sources: | | | | | |
|------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Compulsory literature and information sources | | | | | |
| 1. | Cahn, S. (1985). Classics of Western Philosophy. Indianapolis: Hackett Publ. Co. | | | | | |
| 2. | Deleuze, G., Guattari, F. (1994). What is philosophy? New York: Columbia University Press. | | | | | |
| 3. | Dilemmas of values and contemporary life-world. (2007). Riga: FSI. | | | | | |
| 4. | Great dialogues of Plato. (2015). New York: Signet Classics. | | | | | |
| 5. | Russell, B. (20024). History of western philosophy. London; New York: Routledge. | | | | | |
| Add | itional literature and information sources | | | | | |
| 1. | Barthes, R. (2013). The language of fashion. New York: Bloomsbury Academic. | | | | | |
| 2. | Baudrillard, J. (2017). The consumer society: myths and structures. Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage Ltd. | | | | | |
| 3. | Blackburn, S. (1996). The Oxford Dictionary of Philosophy. Oxford: Oxford University Press; New York, 1996. | | | | | |
| 4. | Burr, J. R. Philosophy and Contemporary Issues. (1988). New York: Macmillan Publishing Company. | | | | | |
| 5. | Marshall, M. (2001). The Medium is the Massage: an inventory of effects. Corte Madera, CA: Gingko Press. | | | | | |
| 6. | Marshall, M. (2011). The Gutenberg galaxy: the making of typographic man. Toronto: University of Toronto | | | | | |
| | Press. | | | | | |
| Othe | ther information sources | | | | | |
| 1. | Stanford Encyclopedia of Philosophy - https://www.plato.stanford.edu | | | | | |
| 2. | Routledge Encyclopedia of Philosophy - https://www.rep.routledge.com | | | | | |
| 3. | The History of Western Philosophy - | | | | | |
| | http://www.ntslibrary.com/PDF%20Books/History%20of%20Western%20Philosophy.pdf | | | | | |

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

| Author/-s of the study course: | | | | | |
|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| Assist.prof., Mg.Psych. Jekaterina Bierne | | | | | |
| Cred | its (Latvian): | ECTS: | | | |
| 4 | | 6 | | | |
| Final | evaluation form: | | | | |
| Exam | 1 | | | | |
| Stud | y course prerequisites: | | | | |
| no | | | | | |
| Stud | y course aim: | | | | |
| To pr | ovide students with the necessary knowledge, skills a | and competences in the field of research methodology | | | |
| Study | y course learning outcomes (Knowledge, Skills, (| Competencies): | | | |
| 2. Ab 3. Ab 4.Able (samp 5.Able 6. Ab field of 7. Ab | le to choose data acquisition and analysis procedure e to adequately assess the validity and reliability of thole) of the study e to statistically process quantitative research data | e research, question and hypothesis, research variables is appropriate for the purpose of the research ne research performed, the amount of the required data in understanding of the particular subject of research in the | | | |
| Stud | y course thematic plan: | | | | |
| 1. | Essence of research methodology, principles of the development and improvement of the company per | | | | |
| 2. | Research topic, subject, subject, object, aim and tax | sks. Research question and research hypothesis. | | | |
| 3. | research. Specifics of qualitative and quantitative re | | | | |
| 4. | | tical background. Requirements for development and I. Search and selection of the information sources and n. | | | |
| 5. | Research design (descriptive, experimental, quasi- | experimental, data mining schemes). | | | |
| 6. | Research variables and their measurement scales question, hypothesis of the research. | (data types). Determination of variables according to the aim, | | | |
| 7. | Quality characteristics of the research: reliability, va | lidity, representativeness. Techniques for sample selection. | | | |
| 8. | The essence of the statistical hypothesis. Types of significant differences and correlation between varia | relationships between variables. Hypotheses about statically ables. Statistical conclusion and its reliability. | | | |
| 9. | questionnaire, focus group, etc. according to the specifics of the study). Integration of the theoretical constructs of the research into the research methodology. | | | | |
| 10. | tools and their correspondence to the research design | | | | |
| 11. | Introduction to multivariate statistics. Univariate, biv designs. Possibilities of dispersion analysis, regress | ariate and multivariate statistics for different research sion analysis, application of factor analysis. | | | |
| 12. | Formatting and presentation of research results. | | | | |
| | | | | | |

| Study course calendar plan: | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----|-------|--|
| | | | |
| | No. | Topic | Lecture contacthours (incl. seminars, discussions) |

| | | | | part-time studies with e - |
|-----|---|-------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|
| | | full-time studies | part-time studies | learning elements |
| 45. | Essence of research methodology, principles of the scientific research. The role of researches in the development and improvement of the company performance. General requirements to research work. Research work organization. Stages of research conducting an | | | |
| 46. | creating a structure for research paper. Research topic, subject, subject, object, aim ar | 4 | | |
| 101 | tasks.Research question and research hypothesis. | · | | |
| 47. | General scientific methods, data collecting (gathering) methods and data processing techniques in modern research. Specifics of qualitative and quantitative research. | 4 | | |
| 48. | The essence and structuring of the research theoretical background. Requirements for development and presentation of the research theoretical background. Search and selection of the information sources and analysis of its content according to the research aim. | | | |
| 49. | Research design (descriptive, experimental, quasi-experimental, data mining schemes). | 4 | | |
| 50. | Research variables and their measurement scales (data types). Determination of variables according to the aim, question, hypothesis of the research. | | | |
| 51. | Quality characteristics of the research: reliabilit validity, representativeness. Techniques for sample selection. | 4 | | |
| 52. | The essence of the statistical hypothesis. Types of relationships between variables. Hypotheses about statically significant differences and correlation between variables. Statistical conclusion and its reliability. | | | |
| 53. | Organization of empirical data collecting and processing (documents analysis, observation, interview, questionnaire, focus group, etc. according to the specifics of the study). Integration of the theoretical constructs of the research into the research methodology. | 4 | | |
| 54. | Possibilities for statistical analysis of the resear data (indicators of descriptive statistics, inferential statistics tools and their correspondence to the research design). | | | |
| 55. | Introduction to multivariate statistics. Univariate bivariate and multivariate statistics for different research designs. Possibilities of dispersion analysis, regression analysis, application of factor analysis. | | | |
| 56. | Formatting and presentation of research results | | | |
| | Total: | 48 | | |

| Independent work description: | | | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| Study form | Type of independent work | Form of control | | |

| full-time studies | 1) Creating the Bibliography including ar least 15 literature and information sources of different types, in accordance with the Guidelines. 2) Creating the research paper Introductions including research topicality (relevance), aim, tasks, object and subject, data mining and processing methods, research limitations in accordance with the Guidelines. 3) Creating the introduction based resarch work presentations in accordance with the Guidelines. 4) Analysis of the two different published scientific researches in the field of management, including research question, methodology, validity, findings and significance level. Mandatory reading: 1)3rd source (full text), 2)2rd source (section 1.2; pp.64 -84, section 2, pp. 84 -206, section 3.2, pp. 212 - 271, section 5, pp.316 - 352 3) 1st source(section 2; pp.63 - 126) | Written task submission and evaluation Written task submission and evaluation Presentation and discussion Presentation and discussion Control work |
|--------------------------|---|--|
| part-time studies | | |
| part-time | | |
| studies with e -learning | | |
| elements | | |

| Structure of the study course: | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|---|-------|----------------------------|---|------------------------------------|--|
| | Contact hours | | | | | | | |
| Study form | Lecture contact hours (incl. seminars, discussions etc.) | Consultations, guest lectures, conferences, study visits, workshops, business games and simulations etc. | Final evaluation in the course | Total | Individual work (hours) | Compulsory reading and/or audio and video material listening/watching | Total course credit hours | |
| full-time studies | 48 | 8 | 4 | 64 | 64 | 32 | 160 | |
| part-time studies | | | | | | | | |
| part-time studies with e -learning elements | | | | | | | | |

The evaluation of the study course learning outcomes:

Full-time students are expected to fully and successfully perform all independent tasks, to participate in 2 seminars delivering the presentations matching requirement, to attend at least 50% of classroom meetings, to successfully perform control work and exam test. Final grade for the course derives as the mean of all performed independent tasks and the exam.

| 0710177 | Ovani. | | | | | | | |
|---------|--|-----------------------------|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| | | | Evaluation criteria | | | | | |
| No. | Learning outcome | Evaluation method/-s | Minimum level (40%till64%) | Average level (65% till 84%) | High level (85% till 94%) | Excellent level (95% till100%) | | |
| 1. | Understand the main research methodology concepts and research principles | Discussion, control work | Unsufficientunder standing of the main research methodology concepts and research principles | Correct understanding of the main research methodology concepts and research principles with some gaps | Correct understanding of and free operating with the main research methodology concepts and research principles | Correct and detailed understandin g and reasoning on the research methodology concepts and research principles | | |

| 2. | Able to independently | Independent | Hardly able to | Partially able | Able to | Able to |
|----|--|--------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| | formulate the aim and tasks of the research, question and hypothesis, research variables | work, discussion, control work | independently formulate the aim and tasks of the research, question and hypothesis, research variables | to independently formulate the aim and tasks of the research, question and hypothesis, research variables | independently formulate the aim and tasks of the research, question and hypothesis, research variables | independentl y and sophisticated ly formulate the aim and tasks of the research, question and hypothesis, research variables |
| 3. | Able to choose data acquisition and analysis procedures appropriate for the purpose of the research | Independent work, control work | Hardly able to choose data acquisition and analysis procedures appropriate for the purpose of the research | Partially able to choose data acquisition and analysis procedures appropriate for the purpose of the research | Able to choose data acquisition and analysis procedures appropriate for the purpose of the research | Able to confidently and sophisticated ly choose data acquisition and analysis procedures appropriate for the purpose of the research |
| 4. | Able to adequately assess the validity and reliability of the research performed, the amount of the required data (sample) of the study | Discussion, control work | Hardly able to adequately assess the validity and reliability of the research performed, the amount of the required data (sample) of the study | Partially able to adequately assess the validity and reliability of the research performed, the amount of the required data (sample) of the study | Able to adequately assess the validity and reliability of the research performed, the amount of the required data (sample) of the study | Able to adequately and confidence assess the validity and reliability of the research performed, the amount of the required data (sample) of the study |
| 5. | Able to statistically process quantitative research data | Independent work, control work | Hardly able to statistically process quantitative research data | Partially able to statistically process quantitative research data | Able to statistically process quantitative research data | Able to statistically process quantitative research data with wide variety of tools |
| 6. | Able to analyze the required information in order to gain understanding of the particular subject of research in the field of management science | Independent work, discussion | Hardly able to analyze the required information in order to gain understanding of the particular subject of research in the field of management science | Partially able to analyze the required information in order to gain understanding of the particular subject of research in the field of management science | Able to analyze the required information in order to gain understanding of the particular subject of research in the field of management science | Able to confidently and sophisticated ly analyze the required information in order to gain understandin g of the particular subject of research in the field of management science |
| 7. | Able to present the results of the study | Discussion | Hardly able to present the results of the study | Partially and with lack of confidence able to present the results of the study | Able to present the results of the study | Able to confidence and impressively present the results of the study |
| 8. | Able to reasonably discuss the conclusions of the study and | Discussion | Hardly able to reasonably discuss the | Partially and with lack of confidence | Able to reasonably discuss the | Able to reasonably and |

| application possibilities | conclusions of the study and application possibilities | able to reasonably discuss the conclusions of the study and application possibilities | conclusions of the study and application possibilities | confidently discuss the conclusions of the study and application possibilities |
|---------------------------|---|---|---|--|
|---------------------------|---|---|---|--|

| Lite | rature and information sources: |
|------|---|
| | npulsory literature and information sources |
| 1. | Adams, K.A. (2019) Research methods, statistics, and applications. LA: Sage |
| 2. | Fisher, C., Buglear, J. (2010) Researching and writing a dissertation: an essential guide for business students. New York: Financial Times/Prentice Hall. |
| 3. | Guidelines on Preparation and Defense of Research Papers, Project Reports and Theses at the University of Economics and Culture (edited and approved 30.01.2019.) J.Titko, O.Lentjušenkova, S.Keišs u.c. Rīga: Ekonomikas un kultūras augstskola, 2018. |
| Add | itional literature and information sources |
| 1. | Anderson, D. (2013) Quantitative methods for business. Australia: South-Western, Cengage Learning |
| 2. | Bordens,K.S., Abbott, B. (2018) Research Design and Methods: a Process Approach. 10th ed. Dubuque, IA: McGraw-Hill Education |
| 3. | Bryman, A. (2016) Social Research Methods. UK: Oxford University Press. |
| 4. | Cortina, J.M., Landis, R.L (2013) <i>Modern research methods for the study of behavior in organizations.</i> New York : Brunner-Routledge |
| 5. | Dawson, C. (2009) Introduction to research methods: a practical guide for anyone undertaking a research project. Oxford: How To Books. |
| 6. | Gill, J., Johnson, P. (2010) Research methods for managers. LA: Sage |
| 7. | Moutinho, M. (2013) Quantitative modelling in marketing and management. New Jersey: World Scientific |
| 8. | Verma, J. P. (2012). Data analysis in management with SPSS software. Springer Science & Business Media. |
| 9. | Wilson, J. (2010) Essentials of business research: a guide to doing your research project. LA:Sage Publications. |
| Othe | er information sources |
| 1. | Journal of economics and management research . Vol.4/5 2016 Riga:University of Latvia |
| 2. | EBSCO HOST data base |
| 3. | Google Scholar database |
| 4. | RESEARCHGATE database |
| | |

SALES MANAGEMENT

By author - Serge Paramonovs PhD pret, MBA, MA psych.)

4 CR \ 64 HR

11.02.-22.05.2019

Topics/Final exam questions

- 1. Subject and core definitions (market, sales, trading, management, business model, concurrent advantage, Global niche, Unique Sales Proposition (USP))
- 2. Types/formats of sales C2C (D2D, MLM), C2B, B2C, B2B wholesale vs distributorship; online vs offline, in-store, government contracts (tenders), auctions, Dollar Buy concept
- 3. History of trade from ancient to present times Bali 2 hour market (money than barter)
- 4. Triangular trade Europe (arms cloth)-Africa (slaves)-Americas (sugar, cannabis, rum, tabacco)
- 5. Fair Trade, market regulations, Blood Diamonds
- 6. Division of labor and globalization
- 7. Role of technological progress and globalization in evolution of trade
- 8. International trade law Roman or private law
- 9. Notification, certification, licensure, ISO, FDA, cpnp, PrimaKlima, Halal, Kosher, Vegan
- 10. Money history, role, security gold vs money
- 11. Exchanges trading stocks, goods, currencies strategy, tactics CFD (contract for differences/ futures), One Day Trading, IPO
- 12. Digital or crypto currencies, ICO
- 13. Block-chain technology present and future applications
- 14. Contemporary online trading platforms eBay, Amazon, Alibaba, Aliexpress trading goods one may not have in possession
- 15. Trading through Instagram, LinkedIn, Facebook
- 16. Private Equity versus IPO (initial public offering) ownership swings FB
- 17. From company to trading strategy
- 18. Competitive strategies Global Niche and Competitive Advantage
- 19. Sales versus business development
- 20. Chinese stratagems and its application to trading
- 21. New business launch in trading goods' production and sales, offering services, retail store, bazaar kiosk, pizza place or coffee shop
- 22. New market development strategy and tactics analyzing market potential, concept of sales territory
- 23. Sales channels online vs offline (FMCG/Cosmo or large retailers, pharma, drogery, traditional trade)
- 24. FMCG trading wholesaling versus Retail chain trading (3 store formats HM, SM, Local M)
- 25. Assortment matrix management shelving, merchandizing, products rotation Carrefour model
- 26. Category management (CATMAN) plan, shelving, merchandizing, realization
- 27. Product portfolio set-up and analysis
- 28. Product Life Cycle
- 29. Pricing
- 30. Financing startups and mature ventures business angels, venture capital, credit, leasing
- 31. Buyer/customer/client client-centered approach Client is the Boss
- 32. Conflict management
- 33. Marketing department and its role in trading marketing and trade-marketing (TMA/TMM)
- 34. Branding and PPPP (product, positioning, purchaser, promo, price)
- 35. Sales department routine structure, goals, operations cycle, discipline, rituals, interaction with other departments (marketing, finance, R&D) traditional versus matrix (projects) architecture
- 36. Sales cycle or Pipeline management Prospecting or Leads generation, Initial contact, Identifying needs, Presenting offer, Managing objections, Closing sales, Repeating sales and Referrals
- 37. Sales forecasting and targets planning, Sales Funnel, market reports (AC Nielsen vs Euromonitor)
- 38. Sales Funnel
- 39. Motivation of a team and trade partners bonuses, retro-bonuses, conditioning (B. F. Skinner)
- 40. HR versus headhunting
- 41. Direct-sales techniques scripts and Objection management
- 42. Tele-sales and tele-marketing
- 43. TV-sales QVC (Quality, Value, Convenience)
- 44. Auto-dealership classical trading model Rumbula/Bazaar vs Auction vs Dealership
- 45. Trading in hospitality business online vs offline exhibitions, wholesaling, charters, packages, vouchers,
- 46. Businesses trading versus M&A
- 47. Luxury trading high fashion industry
- 48. Negotiations in trade local versus international
- 49. Cultural aspects in local and international sales
- 50. Criminal schemes Ponzi / One Day Venture / Win a Tender / \$ Laundering / VAT washing / Double-entry bookkeeping
- 51. Role of a personality in sales and trading, Bone Tone, Etiquette
- 52. All time trading classics Piano seller versus Ford Super-Mobile Eugen Butman versus Apple
- 53. Trading City image Chicago (after riots in 1968), New York (Trump) versus Detroit (present)

Final grade is a cumulative work done as follows:

- 30% Attendance (50% of 100% classes and coursework completed) 20% Completion of tasks during seminars and practical work
- 20% Homework assignments completion
 - (1) Example of a pivotal point in a company's life-cycle, what has become possible due to an act of personality on operations – an exceptional sales technique or approach
 - (2) Description and commentaries on one or more Chinese stratagems application in sales
- 10% One product Sales Plan presentation
- 20% Final exam

HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

| Auth | or/-s of the study course: | | | | | |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| Doce | nt Mg.Psych. Jekaterina Bierne | | | | | |
| Cred | its (Latvian): | ECTS: | | | | |
| 4 | | 6 | | | | |
| Final | evaluation form: | | | | | |
| Exam | 1 | | | | | |
| Stud | y course prerequisites: | | | | | |
| Mana | gement | | | | | |
| Stud | y course aim: | | | | | |
| | ovide students with the necessary knowledge, skills a gement | and competences in the field of human resource | | | | |
| Study | y course learning outcomes (Knowledge, Skills, (| Competencies): | | | | |
| 2. Knd 3. Ab 4. Ab 5. Ab comp 6. Ab 7. Ab 8. Ab | le to independently identify problems in human resou le to stand up and develop solutions to troubleshoot i | purce management resource management source management source management functions within the company evention, motivation and training for the needs of the ree management | | | | |
| Stud | y course thematic plan: | | | | | |
| 1. | | management. The role of human resources in company man resource management implementation. Roles and | | | | |
| 2. | Human resource management organizational solution labor law in the implementation of human resource | ons (models) and key functions in the Company. The role of management functions. | | | | |
| 3. | The essence of human resource management effici indicators. Human resource management audit. | ency, its analysis possibilities, quantitative and qualitative | | | | |
| 4. | Human resource management evolution, stages of authorities and the main studies in the human resource. | development and approaches transformation. Major urce management field. | | | | |
| 5. | The essence and methods of human resource plann | ning. Staff turnover. | | | | |
| 6. | The essence and methods of job analysis. Develop profiles. Link between job analysis, personnel recrui | ment and updating of job descriptions and requirements itment, training, and assessment. | | | | |
| 7. | Personnel search opportunities in the labor market. | Staff categories and occupational classification. | | | | |
| 8. | Personnel selection process and its organization possibilities. Methods and tools for HR selection. Evaluation of staff selection results. | | | | | |
| 9. | HR recruitment and engagement. Technical, organiz | zational and psychological aspects of personnel adaptation. | | | | |
| 10. | HR instructing, training and development. Team bui organizational solutions (models). | lding. The essence of career management and its | | | | |
| 11. | The essence and role of HRassessment in company appraisal and its organizational solutions. | y development. Methods of HR evaluation, performance | | | | |
| 12. | Introduction of motivation system in the company. No for effective motivation and its role in company devel | Methods and tools for motivating human resources. Criteria elopment. | | | | |

| Stud | Study course calendar plan: | | | |
|------|-----------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | | |
| No. | Topic | Lecture contacthours (incl. seminars, discussions) | | |

| | | full-time studies | part-time studies | part-time studies with e - learning elements |
|-----|--|-------------------|-------------------|---|
| 57. | The essence and key concepts of human resource management. The role of human resources in company development. Interaction interests in effective human resource management implementation. Roles and competencies of HR specialist. | 4 | | |
| 58. | Human resource management organizational solutions (models) and key functions in the Company. The role of labor law in the implementation of human resource manageme functions. | | | |
| 59. | The essence of human resource management efficiency, its analysis possibilities, quantitative and qualitative indicators. Human resource management audit. | | | |
| 60. | Human resource management evolution, stage of development and approachestransformation Major authorities and the main studies in the human resource management field. | | | |
| 61. | The essence and methods of human resource planning. Staff turnover. | 4 | | |
| 62. | The essence and methods of job analysis.Development and updating of job descriptions and requirements profiles.Link between job analysis, personnel recruitment, training, and assessment. | 4 | | |
| 63. | Personnel search opportunities in the labor market. Staff categories and occupational classification. | 4 | | |
| 64. | Personnel selection process and its organization possibilities. Methods and tools for HR selection. Evaluation of staff selection results. | 4 | | |
| 65. | HR recruitment and engagement. Technical, organizational and psychological aspects of personnel adaptation. | 4 | | |
| 66. | HR instructing, training and development. Team building. The essence of career management a its organizational solutions (models). | | | |
| 67. | The essence and role of HR assessment in company development. Methods of HR evaluation, performance appraisal and its organizational solutions. | 4 | | |
| 68. | Introduction of motivation system in the company. Methods and tools for motivating human resources. Criteria for effective motivation and its role in company development. | 4 | | |
| | Total: | 48 | | |

| Independent | Independent work description: | | | | | | |
|----------------------|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Study form | Type of independent work | Form of control | | | | | |
| full-time studies | 1) Theoretical analysis of HRM functions 2) HRNM functions audit by predefined parameters (case study) 3) Revision of 2 publications on HRM topical studies (student's choice from databases) Compulsory reading: 1) 1 source (Part 1, pp.6-22, Part 3, pp.36-48, Part 4, pp.50 – 58, Parts 8-18, pp.95-222) 2) 2 source (Part 3, pp.295-439), 3) 3 source (Part 2, pp.37-74, Part 7, pp.236-276, Part 13, 407 – 457) | Task submission in written form Presentation, discussion Presentation, discussion | | | | | |
| part-time studies | | | | | | | |
| part-time | | | | | | | |
| studies with | | | | | | | |
| e -learning | | | | | | | |
| elements | | | | | | | |

| Structure of the study course: | | | | | | | |
|--|--|---|---|-------|----------------------------|---|------------------------------------|
| | Contact hours | | | | | | |
| Study form | Lecture contact hours (incl. seminars, discussions etc.) | Consultations, guest lectures, conferences, study visits, workshops, business games and simulations etc. | Final evaluation in the course | Total | Individual work (hours) | Compulsory reading and/or audio and video material listening/watching | Total course credit hours |
| full-time studies | 48 | 8 | 4 | 64 | 64 | 32 | 160 |
| part-time studies | | | | | | | |
| part-time studies with e -learning elements | | | | | | | |

The evaluation of the study course learning outcomes:

Full time students are required to submit fully and successfully done 3 classroom tasks, 3 independent tasks, to participate with the presentations in 2 seminars, to attend at least 50% of lectures, to successfully write the exam work. Final grade derives as the average from the auditory tasks average grade, independent tasks average grade and the test grade.

| aom | I | lacite average grade, | Fire tire tire and the test grade: | | | | |
|-----|--|--|--|--|---|--|--|
| | | | | Evaluation | | , | |
| No. | Learning outcome | Evaluation method/-s | Minimum level (40%till64%) | Average level (65% till 84%) | High level (85% till 94%) | Excellent level (95% till100%) | |
| 1. | Know the main principles and functions of human resource management | Discussion, classroom task, independent task, exam test | Know the main principles of human resource management in company, with some lacking knowledge on HRM functions | Mostly know the main principles and functions of human resource management | Well know the main principles and functions of human resource management, is able to comment and critically access them | Profoundl y know the main principles and functions of human resource manage ment, understa nd their interconn ections | |
| 2. | Know how to determine the effectiveness of human resource management | Discussion, presentation o independent task | Know several ways to determine the effectiveness of human resource management, partly understand their limitations | Mostly know methods to determine the effectiveness of human resource management and their limitations | Mostly know methods to determine the effectiveness of human resource management and their limitations, is able to assess their usage in the company | Know wide variety of methods to determin e the effectiven ess of human resource manage ment, well understa nd their peculiariti es | |
| 3. | Able to find information about topical research in human resource management | Independent task | Able to find superficial information about topical research in the field of human resource management | In general able to find information about topical research in the field of human resource management, partially losing focus | Able to find information about topical research in the field of human resource management | Perfectly able to find informatio n about topical research in the field of human resource | |

| | | T | T | of the search | T | manage |
|----|--|---|---|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | ment , precisely and deeply following the search aim |
| 4. | Able to analyze the implementation of various human resource management functions within the company | Independent task, discussion | Able to analyze the implementation of some human resource management functions within the company | Able to analyze the implementation of various human resource management functions within the company, but there are problems with formulating conclusions | Able to analyze the implementation of various human resource management functions within the company with grounded conclusions | Able to deeply analyze the implemen tation of various human resource manage ment functions within the company, clearly formulatin g conclusio ns and proposals |
| 5. | Able to select methods of human resource selection, prevention, motivation and training for the needs of the company | Classroom task, discussion, seminar | Able to select methods of human resource selection, prevention, motivation and training from the most available, with no detailed analysis of meeting the true needs of the company | Able to select methods of human resource selection, prevention, motivation and training, which are mostly matching company needs | Able to select methods of human resource selection, prevention, motivation and training for the needs of the company. Without searching for any creative solutions | Able to creatively select and explain methods of human resource selection, prevention, motivation and training for the needs of the company |
| 6. | Able to independently identify problems in human resource management | Independent task, discussion | Partly able to independently identify problems in human resource management, without analyzing their causes | Mostly able to independently identify problems in human resource management, partly analyzing their causes and interconnections with other company activities | Able to independently identify problems in human resource management, partly identifying their causes and solutions | Perfectly able to independ ently identify problems in human resource manage ment |
| 7. | Able to stand up and develop solutions to troubleshoot identified problems in a team | Classroom task, discussion, seminar | Able independently and within the team to develop partial solutions to the identified HRM problems, without analysis of their | Able independently and within the team to develop partially grounded solutions to the identified HRM problems | Able independently and within the team to develop well grounded solutions to the identified HRM problems | Perfectly able independ ently and within the team to develop detailed solutions to the identified HRM problems |

| | | | effectiveness | | | |
|----|---|------------------------|---|---|---|--|
| 8. | Able to reasonably discuss the topicalities of the company's human resources management, identifying their links with the company's performance | Seminar, discussion | Able to discuss the topicalities of HRM of a company, weakly identifying their links with the company's performance | Mostly able to reasonably discuss the topicalities of HRM of a company by identifying their links with the company's performance, but with nonsufficient argumentatio n | Able to reasonably discuss the topicalities of HRM of a company by identifying their links with the company's performance | Perfectly able to reasonabl y discuss the topicalitie s of HRM of a company by deeply identifyin g their links with the company's performa nce and improvem ent possibiliti es |

| Lite | rature and information sources: |
|------|--|
| Con | npulsory literature and information sources |
| 1. | Armstrong, M. (2011). Armstrong's handbook of strategic human resource management. Kogan Page |
| | Publishers. |
| 2. | Jones, G. R. (2013). Organizational theory, design, and change. Upper Saddle River, NJ: Pearson |
| 3. | Rees, G., & Smith, P. (Eds.). (2017). Strategic human resource management: An international perspective. |
| | Sage. |
| Add | litional literature and information sources |
| 1. | Beattie, R. R. (2018). Human Resource Management in Public Service Organizations. NY:Routledge. |
| 2. | Clegg, S. R., Kornberger, M., & Pitsis, T. (2015). Managing and organizations: An introduction to theory and |
| | practice. Sage. |
| 3. | Crawshaw, J., Budhwar, P., & Davis, A. (Eds.). (2017). Human resource management: Strategic and |
| | international perspectives. Sage. |
| 4. | Dessler, G. (2013) Human Resource Management. Boston: Pearson. |
| 5. | Gill, R. (2011). Theory and practice of leadership. Sage. |
| 6. | Gosling, J., Sutherland, I., & Jones, S. (2012). Key concepts in leadership. Sage. |
| 7. | Handbook of organizations (2015) Ed.March J., London, Routledge. |
| Oth | er information sources |
| 1. | EBSCO HOST data base |
| 2. | RESEARCHGATE data base |
| 3. | Springer data base |
| 4. | Google Scholar data base |

BUSINESS ECONOMICS AND PLANING

| Author/-s of the study course: | | | | | |
|--|-------|--|--|--|--|
| Dr.oec. Vita Zarina | | | | | |
| Credits (Latvian): | ECTS: | | | | |
| 6 | 8 | | | | |
| Final evaluation form: | | | | | |
| Exam | | | | | |
| Study course prerequisites: | | | | | |
| Microeconomic, Accounting | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Study course aim: | | | | | |
| To provide students with the knowledge, skills and competences required in business economics and planning | | | | | |
| Study course learning outcomes / Knowledge Skills | | | | | |

Study course learning outcomes (Knowledge, Skills, Competencies):

- 1. Understand the use of financial information in the analysis of economic activity
- 2. Define the types of costs and their impact on the performance3. Be able to calculate the cost of a product / service
- 4. Be able to Prepare a business plan for a product / service
- 5. Be able to argue to present your point

| Stud | Study course thematic plan: | | | | |
|------|---|--|--|--|--|
| | Revenues, costs, its types, impact on performance | | | | |
| | Business resources, calculations, methods | | | | |
| | Cost calculation methods, cost price calculations | | | | |
| | Strategic and operational planning, resource planning | | | | |
| | Business idea, case study, business plan structure | | | | |
| | Investments, repayment periods | | | | |

| Study course calendar plan: | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|---|--------------------|-------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| | | 1 | | ! | | | |
| | | Lecture contact no | ours (incl. seminars, d | liscussions) | | | |
| No. | Topic | full-time studies | part-time studies | part-time studies with e - learning elements | | | |
| 69. | Revenues, costs, types, impact on performance | 6 | 2 | 1 | | | |
| 70. | Business resources, necessity calculations, methods | 6 | 3 | 2 | | | |
| 71. | Cost calculation methods, pricing calculations | 12 | 5 | 2 | | | |
| 72. | Strategic and operational planning, resource planning | 12 | 5 | 3 | | | |
| 73. | Business idea, case study, business plan preparation | 30 | 15 | 7 | | | |
| 74. | Investments, repayment periods | 6 | 2 | 1 | | | |
| • | Total: | 72 | 32 | 16 | | | |

| Independent work description: | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|--|--|--|
| Study form | Type of independent work | Form of control | | | |

| | Market research about new business | Presentation |
|--------------|---------------------------------------|--------------|
| | idea realization possibilities | 2 tests |
| | | seminar |
| full-time | Preparing a business plan | |
| studies | | |
| | Reading: | |
| | Independently read the material about | |
| | market research opportunities | |
| | Market research about new business | Presentation |
| | idea realization possibilities | 2 tests |
| | Independently read the material about | seminar |
| | market research opportunities | |
| | | |
| | Preparing a business plan | |
| part-time | | |
| studies | Independently get acquainted with the | |
| | materials about the structure of the | |
| | business plan, preparation | |
| | requirements, interconnections | |
| | Reading: | |
| | Independently read the material about | |
| | market research opportunities | |
| | Market research about new business | Presentation |
| | idea realization possibilities | 2 tests |
| | Independently read the material about | 2 10010 |
| | market research opportunities | |
| | market receases apportantion | |
| | Preparing a business plan | |
| part-time | 3 4 4 4 | |
| studies with | Independently get acquainted with the | |
| e -learning | materials about the structure of the | |
| elements | business plan, preparation | |
| | requirements, interconnections | |
| | Reading: | |
| | Independently read the material about | |
| | market research opportunities | |
| | | |
| | | |

| Structure of the study course: | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|---|-------|----------------------------|---|------------------------------------|--|
| | | Contact hours | 3 | | | | | |
| Study form | Lecture contact hours (incl. seminars, discussions etc.) | Consultations, guest lectures, conferences, study visits, workshops, business games and simulations etc. | Final evaluation in the course | Total | Individual work (hours) | Compulsory reading and/or audio and video material listening/watching | Total course credit hours | |
| full-time studies | 72 | 18 | 6 | 96 | 96 | 48 | 240 | |
| part-time studies | 32 | 34 | 6 | 72 | 96 | 72 | 240 | |
| part-time studies with e -learning elements | 16 | 26 | 6 | 48 | 96 | 96 | 240 | |

The evaluation of the study course learning outcomes: The final assessment of the study course for full-time students consists of successfully passed 2 tests, presented business plan, participation in the seminar and successfully passed the exam. Final assessment is formed by: 30% assessment of tests, 40% evaluation of the business plan developed during the semester; 10% participation in the seminar; 20% exam evaluation. The final evaluation of the study course for part-time students consists of successfully completed independent work - a business plan, a successfully passed test and a successfully passed exam. Final assessment is formed by: 30% assessment of tests, 40% evaluation of the business plan developed during the semester; 10% participation in the seminar; 20% exam evaluation.

| | | Evolution | Evaluation criteria | | | | |
|-----|--------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| No. | Learning outcome | Evaluation method/-s | Minimum level | Average level | High level | Excellent level | |
| | metriou/-s | (40% till 64%) | (65% till 84%) | (85% till 94%) | (95% till 100%) | | |
| 1. | Understand the use of | discusion | Understands the | Understands | Understands the | Perfectly | |
| | financial information in | | financial | the financial | financial | understands the | |

| | the analysis of economic activity | | structure of companie, can analyze it | structure of companies, analyzes them, and explains the results | structure of companies, is able to analyze, explain, substantiate their views, understand the interconnections | financial structure of companies, is able to analyze, explain, justify opinion, understands interconnections |
|----|--|---------------------------|--|---|--|---|
| 2. | Define the types of costs and their impact on the performance | test | Understand cost structure | Has good understanding of the cost structure, is able to justify mainly impact on performance | Good understanding of the cost structure, can well justify the impact on performance | Very well understood cost structure, impact on performance |
| 3. | Be able to calculate the cost of a product / service | presentation | Understands costing methodologies, able to name pricing methods | Good understanding of costing methods, the ability to choose the most suitable, is able to name the pricing methods | Good understanding of costing methods, ability to choose the most suitable and apply in the calculation of cost, well able to offer pricing methods, choose the most appropriate | Understands the cost-costing methods very well, they are able to choose the most suitable and apply in the cost calculation, are very well able to offer pricing methods, choose the most appropriate |
| 4. | Be able to Prepare a business plan for a product / service | Presentation discusion | Are able to prepare at least the main business plan components for a new product / service | Able to prepare a complete business plan for a new product / service, the components of the main business plan are properly prepared | Able to prepare very well a complete business plan for a new product / service, all components of the business plan are properly prepared | Perfectly able to prepare a complete business plan for a new product / service, all components of the business plan are properly prepared and correctly calculated. |
| 5. | Be able to argue to present your point | presentation | Business plan prepared and presented, able to tell about the calculations made, is able to answer at least the most important issues | Business plan prepared and presented, able to tell about the research done and calculations, is mostly able to answer questions | Well-prepared and presented business plan, able to tell about the research done and calculations, well answered questions | Well-grounded and well-presented presentation of the prepared business plan, free to tell about the researches and calculations carried out, comprehensive answers to questions |

| 1.14 | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Literature and information sources: | | | | | |
| Compulsory literature and information sources | | | | | |
| 1. | Shefrin H., Behavioral corporate finance, McGraw-Hill Education, 2017 (300 lpp.) | | | | |
| 2. | Terence C.M., Corporate Finance, Routledge, London and New York, 2018 (137 pp) | | | | |
| 3. | Drury C., Management and Cost Accounting, Cengage, 2018 (842 lpp) | | | | |
| Additional literature and information sources | | | | | |
| 1. | Jones C., Investments: principles and concepts, Wiley, Hoboken, N.J., 2010 (608 pp) | | | | |
| 2. | Bittlestone R., Financial management for business :cracking the hidden code , Cambridge University Press, | | | | |
| | 2010 (201 pp.) | | | | |
| 3. | Houston, Joel F., Fundamentals of financial management: study guide, South-Western Cengage Learning, | | | | |
| | 2013 (422 pp.) | | | | |
| 4. | Eun C., Resnick B., International financial management, McGraw-Hill/Irwin, 2007 (536 pp.) | | | | |
| Other information sources | | | | | |
| 1. | Business plans, sources: https://www.entrepreneur.com/article/247574 [used 28.11.2018] | | | | |
| 2. | Costs, cost behavior, source: https://www.investopedia.com/terms/v/variablecost.asp [used 28.11.2018] | | | | |
| 3. | Costs behavior, source: https://www.accountingcoach.com/blog/what-is-cost-behavior [used 28.11.2018] | | | | |
| 4. | Capital budgeting, source: https://www.investopedia.com/terms/c/capitalbudgeting.asp [used 28.11.2018] | | | | |

DOCUMENT MANAGEMENT

| Study course title | Document management |
|--------------------|--|
| Credits (Latvian) | 2 |
| ECTC credits | 3 |
| Study direction | Information technology, computer hardware, electronics, telecommunications, computer control, and computer science |

| Responsible instructor: | |
|-------------------------|--|
| Mg.iur, senior lecturer | |
| Instructor/s | |
| Mg.iur, senior lecturer | |

| Study course prerequisites: | Official language, Applied informatics |
|-----------------------------|--|

Study course abstract: The course provides knowledge about document standards and procedures as well as helps to acquire skills in preparing and using of legal documents. The course is focused on the development of the students' skills to draft and analyse administrative documents, use the software and other information technology, including electronic signatures, document preparation and pipeline process. The course develops students' competence to study and select necessary information, systematize it and independently draft administrative documents.

Study course aim and tasks:

Study course aim: To provide students with the necessary knowledge, skills and competence acquisition in the area of preparation, analysis and use of paper and electronic documents.

Study course tasks:

- 1. To provide students with knowledge about documents and their formatting and storage requirements.
- 2. To provide students with knowledge about electronic signature, electronic documents and their peculiarities.
- 3. To provide students with knowledge about document derivatives, their types, and the nature of their use.
- 4. To develop students' skills to manage the national language and the use of professional terminology.
- 5. To develop students' skills to analyse the documents.
- 6. To develop students' skills of drafting different types of regulatory documents independently.
- 7. To develop students' skills of drafting and certifying document derivatives.
- 8. To develop students' skills with drafting and forwarding documents, using software and other information technology.

Study course thematic plan:

| | Theme | Lecture (including seminars, discussions) hours | | | |
|-----|---|---|-------------------|---|--|
| No. | | full-time studies | part-time studies | part-time studies with e- learning elements* | |
| 75. | Introduction into record management 1.1. Document: concept and characteristics. 1.2. Information: concept and meaning. 1.3. Document classification. 1.4. Review of documents, record management and data protection regulatory framework. 1.5. Types of legal responsibility in relation to punishable action with documents. | 8 | 5 | 2 | |
| 76. | The original document, duplicate and derivatives, their preparation and use. | 4 | 3 | 2 | |
| 77. | Working with documents 3.1. Business document standards and formats. 3.2. Document drafting requirements. 3.3. Document mandatory details and formatting. 3.4. Signature, stamp, their types and use. 3.5. Service tag formatting. Signature of approval. | 8 | 5 | 2 | |

| | | Lecture (including seminars, discussions) hours | | | | |
|-----|--|---|-------------------|---|--|--|
| No. | Theme | full-time studies | part-time studies | part-time studies with e- learning elements* | | |
| 78. | Working with electronic documents 4.1. The order of drafting, storing, formatting and circulating electronic documents. 4.2. Electronic document circulation between state and municipal authorities, or between these institutions and the natural or legal persons. 4.3. Electronic signature, secure | 4 | 3 | 2 | | |
| | electronic signature, time stamp. Total: | 24 | 16 | 8 | | |

Study course schedule:

The course schedule is available on the University's e-environment

Study course requirements:

For full-time students study course requirements are as follows:

- successfully complete four independent tasks;
- successfully pass two tests;
- attend 50% of the lectures;
- successfully pass the final examination.

For part-time students and part-time with e-learning elements students the course requirements are as follows:

- successfully complete three independent tasks;
- successfully pass two tests;
- attend 50% of the lectures;
- attend 50% of practical classes;
- successfully pass the final examination.

Independent work description:

| Type of independent task | Control form |
|--|--------------------|
| Independently draft different type of administrative and civil documents. | Independent work |
| Draft and certify document derivatives. | Independent work |
| Find, read information about electronic documents, their development, use, circulation and storage procedures. | Independent work |
| Types of e-signature, their differences, advantages and disadvantages.// | Essay |
| Types of legal responsibility in relation to punishable action with documents. | |
| Find, analyse errors and improve 3 (preferably in public administration) erroneously drafted documents. | Test, presentation |

Study course structure:

| | Conta | ct hours | | | Total hours of the course | |
|--|---|-----------------------|---|---|---------------------------|--|
| Study form | Lecture (including seminars, discussions) hours | Tutorials, final test | Independent work (number of hours) | Mandatory reading and/or <u>audio and video</u> <u>material</u> (<u>listening/watching</u>) | | |
| Full-time | 24 | 12 | | 20 | | |
| Part-time | 16 | 8 | 24 | 32 | 80 | |
| Part-time studies with e- learning | 8 | 4 | | 44 | | |

| Study form | | | Independent | Mandatory reading | Total hours of |
|------------|--|--|-------------|-------------------|----------------|
| elements | | | | | |

| - L C C C C | Assessment | | Assessment criteria | |
|--|----------------------------------|---|---|--|
| The result of the studies | method | 40-69% | 70-89% | 90-100% |
| KNOWLEDGE AND UND | ERSTANDING | | | |
| Knows and understands the concept of document, nature, presentation and storage requirements | Test | 40-69% of tasks executed correctly | 70-89% of tasks executed correctly | 90-100% of tasks executed correctly |
| Know and understand what is electronic signature, how to use it, what are electronic documents, their peculiarities. | Independent work | There is a difficulty to find the necessary information and analyse it independently | Able to find the necessary information independently, but there are difficulties in analysing it | Able to find the necessary information and analyse it independently |
| Know and understand what document derivatives are, what are their types and specific use. | Independent work | 40-69% of tasks executed correctly | 70-89% of tasks executed correctly | 90-100% of tasks executed correctly |
| SKILLS (the ability to app | ly knowledge, commu | inication, general skills |) | |
| Able to draft different kinds of documents independently | Independent work | Familiar with 40- 69% of the document drafting standards | Familiar with 70- 89% of the document drafting standards | Familiar with 90- 100% of the document drafting standards |
| Able to analyse documents, find errors and correct them | Test | 40-69% of the errors found and corrected properly | 70-89% of the errors found and corrected properly | 90-100% of the errors found and corrected properly |
| Able to find, analyse errors and improve 3 improperly drafted documents | Group work, test | Familiar with 40- 69% of the document drafting standards | Familiar with 70- 89% of the document drafting standards | Familiar with 90- 100% of the document drafting standards |
| Able to present work results, using the latest information technology | Presentation of results and test | There are difficulties in the compilation of results and their presentation to others | Able to present their work results, however, it is difficult to do that in an understandable way to others | Able to present their work results |
| COMPETENCE (analysis | s, synthesis, evaluatio | on) | | |
| Able to independently use appropriate legal sources. | Independent work | There is a difficulty to find the necessary information and analyze it independently | Able to find the necessary information independently, but there are difficulties in analyzing it | Able to find the necessary information and analyze it independently |
| Able to build skills working with the latest information technology | Independent work | There has been a difficulty to use the latest information technology independently | Able to independently use the latest information technologies, but reaching the final result poses difficulties | Able to independently use the latest information technologies and complete the task |
| Able to draft administrative documents | Independent work | There are difficulties to offer a solution to an identified problem, there is a lack of understanding about document drafting | Able to offer a solution to an identified problem, however, there is difficulty in drafting a document | Able to offer a solution to an identified problem and can draft the necessary document |

BUSINESS RISKS

| Author/-s of the study course: | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| Dr.oec., Assistant professor Anna Svirina | | | | |
| Credits (Latvian): | ECTS: | | | |
| 4 | 6 | | | |
| Final evaluation form: | | | | |
| Exam | | | | |
| Study course prerequisites: | | | | |
| Management theories | | | | |
| Study course aim: | | | | |
| To ensure the course outcomes, which include in-depth to field of business risks assessment and management | theoretical knowledge and research skills development in the | | | |
| Study course learning outcomes (Knowledge, Skills, Competencies): | | | | |

- 1. Knowledge of contemporary business risks system and theory development directions
- 2. Knowledge of business risks types and management approaches
- 3. Knowledge of risk culture and art, risk management models
- 4. Ability to assess strategic and tactical risks
- 5. Ability to implement basic business risks management concepts
- 6. Ability to assess risk management process in contemporary enterprise
- 7. Ability to assess the complexity and uncertainness of risk situation and define key factors
- 8. Competence to independently define appropriate methods of market, enterpreneurial, financial and other risks evaluation and control
- 9. Competence in defining risk factors and sources of risk
- 10. Competence in justifying the chosen methods of business risk management

| | y course thematic plan: |
|----|--|
| 1 | Business risks: definition, classification, rnature of risks |
| 2 | Risk aversion, insurance and hedging |
| 3 | Risk management process |
| 4 | Strategic risks and tactical risk |
| 5 | Risk evaluation |
| 6 | Risk culture and risk management models |
| 7 | Market risks and entrepreneurial risks |
| 8 | Credit and liquidity risks |
| 9 | Operational, legal and political risks |
| 10 | Risk avoidance and risk control |
| 11 | Risk factors identification |
| 12 | Sources of risk |

Study course calendar plan: Lecture contact hours (incl. seminars, discussions) No. Topic part-time studies with e full-time studies part-time studies learning elements Business risks: definition, classification, rnature 79. 4 of risks 80. Risk aversion, insurance and hedging 4 Risk management process 81. 4 Strategic risks and tactical risk 82. 4 83. Risk evaluation 4 Risk culture and risk management models 4 84. 85. Market risks and entrepreneurial risks 4 Credit and liquidity risks 4 86. 87. Operational, legal and political risks 4 Risk avoidance and risk control 4 88. 89. Risk factors identification 4 90. Sources of risk 4 Total: 48

| Inde | pendel | nt worl | k desci | ription: |
|------|--------|---------|---------|---|
| | poao. | | | .,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, |

| Study form | Type of independent work | Form of control |
|------------|---|---|
| full-time | Information collection and analysis Case studies Problem assessment | In-class discussion Assignments |
| studies | Obligatory reading: | Managing business risk :a practical guide to protecting your business. Kogan Page, 2012 |

| Structure of the study course: | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|--|---|---|-------|----------------------------|---|------------------------------------|
| | Contact hours | | | | | | |
| Study form | Lecture contact hours (incl. seminars, discussions etc.) | Consultations, guest lectures, conferences, study visits, workshops, business games and simulations etc. | Final evaluation in the course | Total | Individual work (hours) | Compulsory reading and/or audio and video material listening/watching | Total course credit hours |
| full-time studies | 48 | 12 | 4 | 64 | 64 | 32 | 160 |

The evaluation of the study course learning outcomes:

The final grade includes evaluation of four assignments, appearance in not less, than 60% of the lectures, and final exam. The three assignments produce 50% of the final grade, lecture participation -10% of the final grade and final exam -40% of

the final grade Evaluation criteria Minimum level Excellent level High level Average Evaluation No. Learning outcome (40% till 64%) level (85% till (95% till method/-s (65% till 94%) 100%) 84%) 85-94% of 1. Knowledge of 65-84% of 95-100% of 40-64% of tasks contemporary business tasks are tasks are tasks are Practical work are fulfilled risks system and theory fulfilled fulfilled fulfilled correctly development directions correctly correctly correctly Knowledge of business 65-84% of 85-94% of 95-100% of 2. 40-64% of tasks risks types and tasks are tasks are tasks are Independent work are fulfilled fulfilled fulfilled fulfilled management approaches correctly correctly correctly correctly Knowledge of risk culture 65-84% of 85-94% of 95-100% of 40-64% of tasks and art, risk management tasks are tasks are tasks are Independent work are fulfilled fulfilled fulfilled fulfilled models correctly correctly correctly correctly 4. Ability to assess strategic Able to and tactical risks Able to assess assess Lack of skills strategic and strategic and Skills to assess to assess strategic and tactical risks. tactical risks. strategic and Discussion at the tactical risks are but there are is able to tactical risks, lecture formed at the difficulties in justify own but is able to minimum level arguing own views and argue own (classification) views and define risk views defining risk outcomes outcomes 5. Ability to implement basic Able to Able to business risks implement implement business management concepts business Able to risks risks implement Skills to management management business risks implement concepts, concepts. management business risks but has but is not concepts, and Practical work management difficulty able to justify to justify justifying concepts cover what type of priority priority only typical approach approach that situations approach that can be can be used in that can be used in exact situation used in exact exact situation situation Lack of the 6 Ability to assess risk Lack of the management process in understandin Understandi Understanding understanding of g of more contemporary enterprise ng of 85of 95% or more than 51than 65-84% 94% of risk more of risk Practical work, 64% of risk of risk management management case study management management process in process in process in process in contemporar contemporary contemporary contemporar y enterprise enterprise enterprise y enterprise 7. Ability to assess the Able to assess Able to Able to Able to assess assess 65-Practical work, 40-64% of assess 85complexity and more than uncertainness of risk factors defining 84% of 94% of 95% of factors case study situation and define key complexity and factors factors factors

| | factors | | uncertainness of risk situation | defining complexity and uncertainnes s of risk situation | defining complexity and uncertainnes s of risk situation | defining complexity and uncertainness of risk situation and define the most significant |
|-----|---|----------------------------|--|---|--|---|
| 8. | Competence to independently define appropriate methods of market, enterpreneurial, financial and other risks evaluation and control | Independent work | Noticeable difficulty in independent defining appropriate methods of market, enterpreneurial, financial and other risks evaluation and control | Some difficulty in independent defining appropriate methods of market, enterpreneur ial, financial and other risks evaluation and control | Able to define appropriate methods of market, enterpreneur ial, financial and other risks evaluation and control, but there are difficulties assessing possible outcomes | Able to define appropriate methods of market, enterpreneuria I, financial and other risks evaluation and control and assess possible outcomes |
| 9. | Competence in defining risk factors and sources of risk | Practical work, case study | Able to analyze certain risk factors and sources of risk, but is unable to suggest a solution | Able to analyze certain risk factors and sources of risk, but is has significant difficulties to suggest a solution | Able to analyze certain risk factors and sources of risk, but is has some difficulty in suggesting a solution | Able to analyze certain risk factors and sources of risk, and to suggest a solution |
| 10. | Competence in justifying the chosen methods of business risk management | Practical work, case study | Is able to choose but unable to justify appropriate methods of business risk management, but has the ability to assess possible tools | Has significant difficulties in choosing and justifying appropriate methods of business risk management | Has some difficulties in choosing and justifying appropriate methods of business risk management | Is able to choose and justify appropriate methods of business risk management |

| Lite | rature and information sources: |
|------|---|
| | npulsory literature and information sources |
| 1. | Hopkin, P. (2018). Fundamentals of Risk Management: Understanding, Evaluating and Implementing |
| | Effective Risk Management (5th Edition). Kogan Page, London. |
| 2. | Managing business risk: a practical guide to protecting your business. (2012). Kogan Page, London. |
| 3. | Sadgrove, K. (2015). The Complete Guide to Business Risk Management. Gower publishing company, 2015. |
| Ada | itional literature and information sources |
| 1. | Academy or Management Journal. Electronic source. Available at: http://aom.org/Publications/AMJ/Welcome-to- |
| | AMJ.aspx |
| 2. | Academy of Management Perspectives. Electronic source. Available at |
| | http://aom.org/Publications/AMP/Academy-of-Management-Perspectives.aspx |
| 3. | Andersen, T.J. (2010). Strategic risk management practice: how to deal effectively with major corporate |
| | exposures . Cambridge, UK ;New York : Cambridge University |
| 5. | Newton P., Bristoll, H. (2015). Managing project risk. Free management e-books. |
| Oth | er information sources |
| 1. | Industrial Marketing Management (Open Acess Articles). Electronic source [26.09.2019]. Available at: |
| | http://www.journals.elsevier.com/industrial-marketing-management/open-access-articles/ |
| 2. | Journal of Co-operatiove organization and Management. Electronic source [26.09.2019]. Available |
| | at: http://www.journals.elsevier.com/journal-of-co-operative-organization-and-management/open-access-articles |
| 3. | Human Resource Management Review. Electronic source [26.09.2019]. Available at: |
| | http://www.journals.elsevier.com/human-resource-management-review/open-access-articles |
| 4. | Business Research. Electronic source [26.09.2019]. Available at: |
| | http://link.springer.com/journal/40685 |

INTELLECTUAL CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

| Author/-s of the study course: | | | | | | |
|--|----------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Asoc.prof. Dr.oec. Oksana Lentjušenkova | | | | | | |
| Credits (Latvian): | ECTS: | | | | | |
| 4 | 6 | | | | | |
| Final evaluation form: | | | | | | |
| Exam | | | | | | |
| Study course prerequisites: | | | | | | |
| Management theories | | | | | | |
| Study course aim: | | | | | | |
| Provide students with knowledge and to develop students' skills and competence in the field of intellectual capital management. | | | | | | |
| Study course learning outcomes (Knowledge, Skills, | Competencies): | | | | | |
| Understands the concept of intellectual capital and related concepts. Understands the principles of the intellectual capital management. Is able to define main directions of the intellectual capital development strategy in enterprise. Is able to calculate return on the intellectual capital investments. Is able to analyze situation, based on available information and using research methods, and to define | | | | | | |

6. Is able to discuss about certain questions in the field of intellectual capital management.

problems.

| Stud | ly course thematic plan: |
|------|---|
| 1. | The concept of intellectual capital |
| 2. | Intellectual capital management |
| 3. | Intellectual capital influence on entrepreneurship and economic performance |
| 4 | Return on the intellectual capital investments |

| Study course calendar plan: | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|---|----------------------|----------------------|--|--|
| The | number of contact hours could be changed due to students prere | equisites, intere | ests and needs | | |
| | | Lecture conta | act hours (incl. | seminars, discussions) | |
| No. | Topic | full-time studies | part-time studies | part-time studies with e learning elements | |
| 91. | The concept of intellectual capital The formation and development of the concept of intellectual capital Related concepts and theories to intellectual capital Intellectual capital in modern management theory The structure of intellectual capital | 12 | | | |
| 92. | Intellectual capital management The concept of intellectual capital management Intellectual capital management strategies The concept of intellectual capital investments Classification of intellectual capital investments Factors influencing intellectual capital in enterprises | 12 | | | |
| 93. | Intellectual capital influence on entrepreneurship and economic performance Necessary amount of intellectual capital in enterprise Predicted outcomes form intellectual capital investments: financial and non - financial outcomes. The global trends of intellectual capital from macroeconomic perspective | 12 | | | |
| 94. | Return on the intellectual capital investments • Methods of return from the intellectual capital investments calculation • Financial return on the investments • Non – financial return on the investments | 12 | | | |

Total:

48

| Independent work | Independent work description: | | | | | | |
|-------------------|---|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Study form | Type of independent work | Form of control | | | | | |
| · | Read scientific articles published in the Moodle and prepare critical analysis of concept of intellectual capital Computer visits and a second property of the second property in the second property is a second property of the second property in the second property is a second property in the second property in the second property is a second property in the s | Essay, Seminar, Discussion | | | | | |
| | Compulsory literature: 1, 3, 4, 5 2. Define directions of intellectual capital development strategy at enterprise | Presentation, Seminar, Discussion | | | | | |
| | Compulsory literature: 2, 10 Additional literature: 4 Other information sources: 1 | | | | | | |
| full-time studies | 3. Describe types of intellectual capital in enterprise and evaluate amount of it. Explain what are main factors influencing decision about intellectual capital investments in the enterprise | Presentation, Seminar, Discussion | | | | | |
| | Compulsory literature: 2, 7, 8 Additional literature: 9 | | | | | | |
| | 4. Calculate non-financial return from the intellectual capital investments. | Workshop | | | | | |
| | Compulsory literature: 9 Other information sources: 3, 4 | | | | | | |

| Structure of the study course: | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|--|---|---|-------|----------------------------|---|------------------------------------|
| | | Contact hours | 3 | | | | |
| Study form | Lecture contact hours (incl. seminars, discussions etc.) | Consultations, guest lectures, conferences, study visits, workshops, business games and simulations etc. | Final evaluation in the course | Total | Individual work (hours) | Compulsory reading and/or audio and video material listening/watching | Total course credit hours |
| full-time studies | 48 | 12 | 4 | 64 | 64 | 32 | 160 |

The evaluation of the study course learning outcomes:

Students have to attend 50% of online lectures, 2 seminars, 1 workshop and prepare 3 tasks according requirements. The final mark consists of: student's activity during the lectures and seminars, marks for tasks and final exam.

| mark | mark consists of: student's activity during the lectures and seminars, marks for tasks and final exam. | | | | | | | |
|------|--|-------------------------------|--|--|--|---|--|--|
| | | | Evaluation criteria | | | | | |
| No. | Learning outcome | Evaluation method/-s | Minimum level (40% till 64%) | Average level (65% till 84%) | High level (85% till 94%) | Excellent level (95% till 100%) | | |
| 1. | Understands the concept of intellectual capital and related concepts. | Essay, seminar, exam | Understands of main concepts | Understands main concepts, but has difficulties with understanding of relationships among different concepts | Understands main concepts and relationships among them | Could explain and analyze relationships among concepts | | |
| 2. | Understands the principles of the intellectual capital management. | Presentation seminar, exam | Understands of main principles | Understands main principles, but has difficulties with understanding of relationships among different concepts | Understands main Principles and relationships among them | Could explain and analyze relationships among principles | | |
| 3. | Is able to define main directions of the intellectual capital development strategy in enterprise. | Presentation seminar | Is able to define main directions of intellectual capital development | Is able to define strategic directions, but has difficulties with definition of the predicted outcomes | Is able to define strategic directions and predicted outcomes | Is able to prepare intellectual capital development strategy | | |
| 4. | Is able to calculate return on the intellectual capital investments. | Workshop, exam | Is able to calculate return on investments, but has difficulties with definition of predicted outcomes and | Is able to define some outcomes and calculate return on investments | Is able to calculate return on investments using certain methods and to define predicted | Is able to calculate return on investments, to define predicted outcomes and to analyze | | |

| | | | usage of methods | | outcomes | results |
|----|--|------------|--|---|--|---|
| 5. | Is able to analyze situation, based on available information and using research methods, and to define problems. | Discussion | Is able to analyze information, but has difficulties with application of research methods and problem definition | Is able to analyze information, to apply research methods, but has difficulties with problem definition | Is able to analyze information and define problems | Is able to analyze information and to define problems and propose solutions |
| 6. | Is able to discuss about certain questions in the field of intellectual capital management. | Discussion | Can discuss about actualities, but cannot argue own opinion | Can discuss about actualities, but has difficulties with reasoning | Can discuss about actualities and argue own opinion | Excellent rhetoric skills |

| | ature and information sources: |
|-----|---|
| | pulsory literature and information sources |
| 1. | Andriessen, D. (2006). On the Metaphorical Nature of Intellectual Capital: a Textual Analysis. <i>Journal of Intellectual Capital</i> , 7 (1), 93-109. |
| 2. | Canibano, L., Sánchez, M. P., García-Ayuso, M. and Chaminade, C. (2002). Guidelines for Managing and Reporting on Intangibles: Intellectual Capital Report [skatīts 20.02.2018.]. Pieejams: http://www.pnbukh.com/files/pdf_filer/MERITUM_Guidelines.pdf |
| 3. | Dumay, J., Garanina, T. (2013). Intellectual Capital Research: a Critical Examination of the Third Stage. <i>Journal of Intellectual Capital</i> , 14 (1), 10-25. |
| 4. | Edvinsson, L. (2013). IC 21: Reflections from 21 Years of IC Practice and Theory. <i>Journal of Intellectual Capital</i> , 14 (1), 163-172. |
| 5. | Inkinen, H., Kianto, A., Vahala, M., Ritala, P. (2017). Structure of Intellectual Capital an International Comparision. Accounting, Auditing&Accountability Journal, 30 (5), 1160 – 1183. |
| 6. | Lentjušenkova, O., Lapiņa, I. (2014). Intellectual Capital Investments Influence on Entrepreneurship and Economics Performance. In: <i>Business and Management: 8th International Scientific Conference</i> , Lithuania, Vilnius, 15-16 May, 2014. Conference Proceedings, 93-100. |
| 7. | Lentjušenkova, O., Lapiņa, I. (2015). Factors Influencing Investments in Intellectual Capital: Case of Latvia. In: <i>Proceedings of the 19th World Multi-Conference on Systemics, Cybernetics and Informatics (WMSCI 2015), Vol. 1,</i> United States of America, Orlando, 12–15 July, 2015. Conference Proceedings, 82–87. |
| 8. | Lentjušenkova, O., Titko, J., Lapiņa, I. (2016). Intellectual Capital Investments: Analysis of the Predicted Outcomes. In: 21st International Scientific Conference, Economics and Management 2016 (ICEM 2016) "SMART and Efficient Economy: Preparation for the Future Innovative Economy" Proceedings, Czech Republic, Brno, May 19-20. Conference proceeding, 94-101. |
| 9. | Ordonez de Pablos, P., Edvinsson, L. (2018). <i>Intellectual Capital in Organizations: Non-Financial Reports and Accounts</i> . New York: Routledge. |
| 10. | Roos, G., Pike, S. (2018). Strategic Management of Intellectual Capital. 2nd Edition. New York: Routledge. |
| Add | tional literature and information sources |
| 1. | Asiaei, K., Jusoh, R., Bontis, N. (2018). Intellectual capital and performance measurement systems in Iran. <i>Journal of Intellectual Capital</i> , 19 (2), 294-320. |
| 2. | Dumay, J. (2009). Intellectual capital measurement: a critical approach. <i>Journal of Intellectual Capital</i> , 10 (2), 190–210. |
| 3. | Dumay, J. (2012). Grand theories as barriers to using IC concepts. <i>Journal of Intellectual Capital</i> , 13 (1), 4-15. |
| 4. | Gogan, L.M., Rennung, F., Istis, G., Drahici, A. (2014). A proposed tool for managing intellectual capital in small and medium size enterprises. <i>Procedia Technology</i> , 16, 728-736. |
| 5. | Jordão, R. V. D., Novas, J. C. (2017). Knowledge management and intellectual capital in networks of small and medium-sized enterprises. <i>Journal of Intellectual Capital</i> , 18 (3), 667-692. |
| 6. | Kianto, A., Andreeva, T., Pavlov J. (2013). The impact of intellectual capital management on company competitiveness and financial performance. <i>Knowledge Management Research and Practice</i> , 11, 12-22. |
| 7. | Lapina I., Borkus I., Starineca O. (2012). Corporate Social Responsibility and Creating Shared Value: Case of Latvia. <i>World Academy of Science, Engineering and Technology: Special International Journal Issues</i> , 68, 1886-1892. |
| 8. | Lentjušenkova, O., Lapina, I. (2016). The transformation of the organization's intellectual capital: from resource to capital. <i>Journal of Intellectual Capital</i> , 17 (4), 610-631. |
| 9. | Lentjušenkova, O., Lapiņa, I. (2015). Intellectual Capital Investments: Company's Additional Expenditures or Creating Shared Value? In: Perspectives of Business and Entrepreneurship Development: Economic, Management, Finance and System Engineering from the Academic and Practioners Views: Proceedings of Selected Papers, Czech Republic, Brno, 28-29 May, 2015. Conference Proceeding, 207-216. |
| 10. | Petty, R., Guthrie, J. (2000). Intellectual capital literature review: measurement, reporting and management. Journal of Intellectual Capital, 1 (2), 155-176. |
| 11. | Piekkola, H. (2011). Intangible capital: The key to growth in Europe. <i>Intereconomics</i> , 4 (4), 222-228. |
| 12. | Zéghal, D., Maaloul, A. (2011). The accounting treatment of intangibles – A critical review of the literature. Accounting Forum, 35, 262–274. |
| | |

Zéghal, D., Maaloul, A. (2010). Analyzing value added as an indicator of intellectual capital and its consequences on company performance. *Journal of Intellectual Capital*, 11 (1), 39 – 60.

13.

| 14. | Viedma, J.M. (2001). ICBS Intellectual Capital Benchmarking System. Journal of Intellectual Capital, 2 (2), 148- |
|------|---|
| | 164. |
| Othe | er information sources |
| 1. | Confédération Européenne des Associations de Petites et Moyennes Entreprises (CEA-PME), Fraunhofer Institut für Produktionsanlagen und Konstruktionstechnik (Fraunhofer IPK), London School of Economics and Political Sciences (LSE) (2007). Intellectual capital statement - Made in Europe (InCaS). [skatīts 12.01.2019.] Pieejams: http://www.psych.lse.ac.uk/incas/page114/files/page114_1.pdf |
| 2. | OECD (2013). Supporting Investment in Knowledge Capital, Growth and Innovation. [skatīts 12.01.2019.]. Pieejams: doi:10.1787/9789264193307-ne |
| 3. | Social Value UK (2012). A Guide to Social Return on Investment. [skatīts 12.01.2019.]. Pieejams: http://www.socialvalueuk.org/resources/sroi-guide/ |
| 4. | Sveiby, K.E. (2001b). Methods for Measuring Intangible Assets. [Skatīts 12.01.2019]. Pieejams: http://www.sveiby.com/articles/InvisibleBalance.html |

BUSINESS VALUE MANAGEMENT

| Aut | Author/-s of the study course: | | | | | | |
|-------|---|------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Ass | Associate Professor, Dr.oec., Jelena Titko | | | | | | |
| Cre | Credits (Latvian): ECTS: | | | | | | |
| 4 | 6 | | | | | | |
| Fin | al evaluation form: | | | | | | |
| Exa | ım | | | | | | |
| | dy course prerequisites: | | | | | | |
| Cor | porate Finance Management | | | | | | |
| | dy course aim: | | | | | | |
| | provide students with knowledge, skills and competer | <u> </u> | | | | | |
| Stu | dy course learning outcomes (Knowledge, Skills | , Competencies): | | | | | |
| 1. L | Inderstands the core of the value-related concepts. | | | | | | |
| 2. L | Inderstands the principles of valuation fundamental a | pproaches. | | | | | |
| 3. Is | s able to apply valuation techniques to perform busine | ess valuation. | | | | | |
| 4. Is | s able to determine cost of capital. | | | | | | |
| 5. Is | s able to discuss value-related issues in well-argued | manner. | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Ctu | dy course thematic plan: | | | | | | |
| 1 | Concept of Value and Value-based management (\ | /BM) | | | | | |
| 2 | | | | | | | |
| 3 | Techniques within the Asset approach to business valuation | | | | | | |
| 4 | Techniques within the Income approach to business valuation | | | | | | |
| 5 | Techniques within the Market approach to business valuation | | | | | | |
| 6 | Cost of capital | | | | | | |
| 7 | Value creation | | | | | | |

| Stud | Study course calendar plan: | | | | | |
|------|---|---|----------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | |
| | | Lecture contact hours (incl. seminars, discussions) | | | | |
| No. | Topic | full-time studies | part-time studies | part-time studies with e - learning elements | | |
| 95. | Concept of Value and Value-based Management (VBM) | 4 | | | | |
| 96. | Valuation process: principles, stages, main approaches | 4 | | | | |
| 97. | Techniques within the Asset approach to business valuation | 8 | | | | |
| | Net Adjusted Asset methodOther Asset approach methods | | | | | |
| 98. | Techniques within the Income approach to business valuation • Discounted Cash Flow (DCF) method • Capitalization of income method | 8 | | | | |
| 99. | Techniques within the Market approach to business valuation | 8 | | | | |
| | Guideline public company methodGuideline company transactions method | | | | | |
| 100. | Cost of capital Cost of equity Cost of debt | 8 | | | | |

| Stud | Study course calendar plan: | | | | | | |
|------|---|---|----------------------|---|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | | |
| | | Lecture contact hours (incl. seminars, discussions) | | inars, discussions) | | | |
| No. | Topic | full-time studies | part-time studies | part-time studies with e - learning elements | | | |
| 101. | Value creation Value metrics Value creation models Value drivers | 8 | | | | | |
| | Total: | 48 | | | | | |

| Independent | Independent work description: | | | | | |
|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Study form | Type of independent work | Form of control | | | | |
| full-time | Content analysis of the value- related text information Compulsory literature: At least 10 scientific papers available in EBSCO data basis devoted to the value-related issues Cost of equity calculation, applying Capital Asset Pricing Model (CAPM) Compulsory literature: No. 4 Additional literature: No. 3 Other information sources: No. 1 | Individual home task Individual home task | | | | |
| studies | Cost of capital calculation, applying build-up approach Compulsory literature: No. 6 | Presentation In-class reporting | | | | |
| | Investigation of value drivers in the selected industry/field; Creating Balanced Scorecard | Group work Presentation In-class reporting | | | | |
| | Compulsory literature: No. 1 Additional literature: No. 1, No. 2, No. 4, No. 5 | | | | | |

| Structure of the study course: | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|--|---|---|-------|----------------------------|---|------------------------------------|
| | | Contact hours | 3 | | | | |
| Study form | Lecture contact hours (incl. seminars, discussions etc.) | Consultations, guest lectures, conferences, study visits, workshops, business games and simulations etc. | Final evaluation in the course | Total | Individual work (hours) | Compulsory reading and/or audio and video material listening/watching | Total course credit hours |
| full-time studies | 48 | 12 | 4 | 64 | 64 | 32 | 160 |

| The | The evaluation of the study course learning outcomes: | | | | | | | | |
|-----|---|-------------------------|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| | Evaluation criteria | | | | | | | | |
| No. | Learning outcome | Evaluation method/-s | Minimum level (40% till 64%) | Average level (65% till 84%) | High level (85% till 94%) | Excellent level (95% till 100%) | | | |
| 1 | Understands the core of the value-related concepts | Tests Exam | Understands the meaning of basic terms | Understands the value-related concepts, but has some difficulties to discuss about | Understands the core of the concepts and is able to discuss about in a well-argued manner | Understands the value-related concepts at the level to be able to explain them to others | | | |
| 2 | Understands the principles | Tests Exam | Understands the basic principles | Understands the principles, but has | Understands the principles and is | Understands the principles of | | | |

| | of valuation fundamental approaches | | | some difficulties to discuss about | able to discuss about in a well- argued manner | valuation fundamentals at the level to be able to explain them to others |
|---|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| 3 | Is able to apply valuation techniques to perform business valuation | Tests Exam | Is able to apply basic valuation techniques, but sometimes has difficulties to apply them properly | Is able to apply valuation techniques, but has some difficulties to interpret the results | Is able to apply various valuation techniques and interpret the results | Is able to apply various valuation techniques, interpret the results and suggest application improvements |
| 4 | Is able to determine cost of capital | Tests Exam | Is able to apply basic techniques to determine cost of capital, but sometimes has difficulties to apply them properly | Is able to apply various techniques to determine cost of capital, but has some difficulties to interpret the results | Is able to apply various techniques to determine cost of capital and interpret the results | Is able to apply various techniques to determine cost of capital, interpret the results and suggest application improvements |
| 5 | Is able to discuss value- related issues in well-argued manner | Group work Presentation Discussion | Is able to discuss only basic value- related issues | Is able to discuss value-related issues, but has some difficulties to find arguments | Is able to discuss value-related issues in well- argued manner | Is able to discuss value-related issues and suggest to solve problems |

Literature and information sources:

Compulsory literature and information sources

- 1 Koller, T., Goedhart, M. & Wessels, D. (2015). *Measuring and Managing the Value of Companies*. 6th ed. Hoboken, New Jersey: John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
- 2 Koller, T., Goedhart, M. & Wessels, D. (2015). Step-by-Step Exercises and Tests to Help You Master Valuation. Hoboken, New Jersey: John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
- 3 Atrill, P. (2017). Financial management for decision makers. 8th ed. London: Pearson Education.
- 4 Anderson, P.L. (2012). The Economics of Business Valuation. Stanford: Stanford University Press.
- 5 Titko, J. & Lace, N. (2013). Bank Value Measurement Based on Fundamental Analysis. In International Conference on Management Innovation and Business Innovation (ICMIBI 2013), Singapore, April 21-22, 2013. Conference proceedings, 467-472.
- 6 Titko, J. & Lace, N. (2012). Cost of Equity for Bank Valuation: Empirical Study in Latvian Banking Sector. In International Conference "Trends in Economics and Management for the 21st Century", Brno, September 20-22, 2012. Conference proceedings, 10 p.

Additional literature and information sources

- 1 Titko, J. & Shina, I. (2017). Non-Financial Value Drivers: Case of Latvian Banks. *Procedia Engineering*, 178C, 192-199.
- Bistrova, J., Titko, J. & Lace, N. (2014). Sustainable Shareholder Value: Analysis of Value Drivers. Economics and Management, 19(2), 129-139.
- Brigham, E.F. & Houston, J.F. (2013). *Fundamentals of Financial Management*. 3rd ed. South-Western Cengage Learning.
- 4 Witcher, B.J. &Chau, V.S. (2014). Strategic Management: Principles and Practice. Hampshire: Cengage Learning.
- 5 Ashton, R.H. (2007). Value-Creation Models for Value-Based Management: Review, Analysis, and Research Directions. *Advances in Management Accounting*, 16, 1-62.

Other information sources

- 1 Damodaran, A. (2019). Damodaran Online. [viewed 25.01.2019]. Available: http://pages.stern.nyu.edu/~adamodar/
- Rigby, D.K. (2017). Management Tools 2017: An Executive Guide. [viewed 24.01.2019]. Available: https://www.bain.com/contentassets/109d90597d774549850226aaa67e249e/bain_book_management_tools_2017.pdf
- 3 Latvia's Most Valuable Enterprises (2018). [viewed 25.01.2019]. Available from http://www.top101.lv

| Study course | Corporate Finance Management |
|-------------------|------------------------------|
| Credits (Latvian) | 4 |
| ECTS | 6 |
| Field of study | Management |

| Responsible instructor: | |
|-------------------------|---|
| degree, position | Dr.oec. assoc. prof. Jelena Titko |
| Instructor/s | |
| degree, position | Dr.oec. assoc.prof. Jelena Titko |
| | Dr.oec. assist.prof. Konstantins Kozlovskis |
| | Dr.oec. assist.prof. Julija Bistrova |

| Study course prerequisites: | Management, Business economics, Basics of |
|-----------------------------|---|
| | Accounting, Financial mathematics |

Study course annotation: The course is elaborated for students of master programmes in fields of economics, management, or finance. The focus is made on development of students' skills to search and analyze the information to identify problems in a financial sector or in the fields of corporate finance management, as well as on development of students' competence to provide substantiated solutions of the identified problems, applying scientific research and analysis methods.

Study course aim and tasks:

The aim of the course is to provide students with knowledge, skills and competences in the field of business value management.

The tasks of the course:

- 9. Provide students with knowledge about financial concepts and terms
- 10. Provide students with knowledge about financial markets and financial instruments
- 11. Provide students with knowledge about financial institutions
- 12. Provide students with knowledge about the structure of company's financial reports
- 13. Provide students with knowledge about main financial ratios
- 14. Provide students with knowledge about the principles of financial planning and management
- 15. To develop students' skills to understand specific information regarding financial markets and financial instruments
- 16. To develop students' skills to evaluate different types of financial instruments
- 17. To develop students' skills to calculate financial ratios
- 18. To develop students' skills to read and analyze company's financial reports
- 19. To develop students' skills to develop a company's financial plan

Study course thematic plan

| | y course themato plan | Lectu | re hours (incl. sem | ninars, discussions) |
|------|---|-------------------|----------------------|---|
| No. | Theme | full-time studies | part-time studies | part-time studies with e - learning elements * |
| 102. | Introduction to the course "Corporate finan mana ment" | 4 | 2 | 1 |
| 103. | Theory of finance | 4 | 2 | 1 |
| 104. | Introduction to financial markets and instruments. Demand for investments. | 4 | 2 | 1 |
| 105. | markets, financial instruments. | 4 | 2 | 1 |
| 106. | Basics of technical analysis | 2 | 1 | - |
| 107. | Currency market | 4 | 2 | 1 |
| | Debt securities market | 6 | 3 | 2 |
| 109. | Stock market | 6 | 3 | 2 |
| 110. | Option market | 6 | 3 | 2 |
| | Forward market | 4 | 2 | 1 |
| | Other financial markets | 4 | 2 | 1 |
| 113. | Financial institutions and their role in the economy | 4 | 2 | - |
| 114. | Introduction. Financial reporting/statements, analysis, management, planning; accounting standards | 4 | | |
| | Income statement analysis (I/S ppt) | 4 | | |
| | Balance sheet analysis (B/S analysis) | 4 | | |
| 117. | Cash Flow statement analysis (Debates on whether the company is good or bad for investments, providing a loan etc.) | 4 | | |
| 118. | Ratio analysis (ppt of ratio analysis) | 4 | | |
| 119. | Ratio analysis. Bankrupt forecast models. (ppt of ratio analysis) | 4 | | |

| | | Lecture hours (incl. seminars, discussions) | | | | |
|------|--|---|----------------------|---|--|--|
| No. | Theme | full-time studies | part-time studies | part-time studies with e - learning elements * | | |
| 120. | Working Capital Management | 4 | | | | |
| 121. | Long term assets mgmt | 4 | | | | |
| 122. | Earning and Financial reporting Quality Analysis (ppt) | 4 | | | | |
| 123. | Capital management and dividend policy | 4 | | | | |
| 124. | Financial planning | 4 | | | | |
| | Total: | 96 | 40 | 20 | | |

The study course schedule

The study course schedule is available in the university e-environment

The study course requirements

The final assessment of the course is a mean value of grades received in the result of evaluation of students' knowledge and skills in the field:

- Financial markets and instruments
 Financial reporting, analysis and planning

The final assessment of each part is based on the results of the final exam, which includes:

- Multiple-choice theoretical knowledge test
- Practical tasks

To be admitted to the final exam, the following should be completed:

- Attendance not lower than 50% of lectures, seminars
- Individual / home tasks completed
- Tests completed at 40% (and higher)

Independent work description:

| пиерепиент work description. | |
|--|--|
| Type of independent work | Form of control |
| Looking for the information about the pension system in a country and describe the main features of the system | Essay uploaded to Moodle |
| To evaluate different type of financial instruments | Practical home tasks |
| | Subject-related tasks included into the final test |
| To make an Income statement analysis for a company | Presentation |
| To calculate and analyze financial ratios for a company | Presentation |
| To make an Earning and Financial reporting Quality Analysis | Presentation |
| To prepare a financial plan for a company | Business plan uploaded to Moodle |

Structure of the study course

| | Contact hours | | | Compulsory reading | | |
|--|--|---|--------------------------|---|---------------------------------|--|
| Study form | Lecture hours (including seminars, discussions) | Consultations, final evaluation in the course | Individual work hours | and/or <u>audio and</u> video material listening/watching | Total course credit hours | |
| Full-time | 96 | 32 | 96 | 96 | | |
| Part-time | 40 | 20 | 130 | 130 | 320 | |
| Part-time studies with e-learning elements | 20 | 20 | 130 | 150 | | |

The study course evaluation results

| Loomingouton | Evaluation | Evaluation criteria | | | | |
|---|------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Learning outcomes | method | 40-69% | 70-89% | 90-100% | | |
| KNOWLEDGE AND UNDERSTANDING | | | | | | |
| Aware of and understand the core of the main discussion the | | Lack of understanding of the subject-related concepts and | Understands the subject-related concepts and principles, but | Understands the subject-related concepts at the level to explain them to | | |

| | | principles | cannot explain them to others | others in a clear manner |
|--|--|--|--|---|
| Knows and understands the meaning of the basic terms regarding financial markets, financial instruments, and corporate financial management | Theoretical knowledge test In-class discussion | 40-69% of the tasks performed correctly | 70-89% of the tasks performed correctly | 90-100% of the tasks performed correctly |
| Knows about and understands of functioning specifics of financial markets | Theoretical knowledge test In-class discussion | 40-69% of the tasks performed correctly | 70-89% of the tasks performed correctly | 90-100% of the tasks performed correctly |
| Knows about and understands structure and principles of development of financial reports | Presentation In-class discussion | Lack of understanding of structure and principles of development of financial reports | Understands the structure and principles of development of financial reports, but has difficulties to discuss them | Understands the structure and principles of development of financial reports at the level to explain them to others in a clear manner |
| Knows about and understands main financial ratios | Practical tasks | 40-69% of the tasks performed correctly | 70-89% of the tasks performed correctly | 90-100% of the tasks performed correctly |
| Knows about and understands principles of financial planning and management | In-class discussion | Lack of understanding of principles of financial planning and management | Understands the principles of financial planning and management, but has difficulties to discuss them | Understands the principles of financial planning and management at the level to explain them to others in a clear manner |
| SKILLS (ability to apply know | wledge, commur | nication, general skills) | | |
| Is able to formulate research goal, subject, object, and hypothesis | Independent work | Is not able to formulate research goal, subject, object, and hypothesis | Is able to formulate research goal, subject, object, and hypothesis, but needs an assistance | Is able to formulate research goal, subject, object, and hypothesis independently, without assistance |
| Is able to read and analyze a specialized literature regarding financial markets and instruments | In-class discussion | Is not able to read and analyze a specialized literature to acquire new knowledge | Is able to read and analyze a specialized literature, but cannot explain material to others | Is able to read and analyze a specialized literature, as well as to explain material to others in a clear manner |
| Is able to evaluate different types of financial instruments | Practical tasks | 40-69% of the tasks performed correctly | 70-89% of the tasks performed correctly | 90-100% of the tasks performed correctly |
| Is able to calculate main financial ratios | Practical tasks in class Individual work | 40-69% of the tasks performed correctly | 70-89% of the tasks performed correctly | 90-100% of the tasks performed correctly |
| Is able to read and understand company's financial reports | Practical tasks in class Individual work | 40-69% of the tasks performed correctly | 70-89% of the tasks performed correctly | 90-100% of the tasks performed correctly |
| Is able to develop a financial plan for a company | Individual work | Is not able to develop a financial plan for a company | Is able to develop a financial plan for a company, but has some difficulties to discuss and substantiate it | Is able to develop a financial plan for a company, as well as to substantiate every item |
| COMPETENCES (analysis, | synthesis, evalu | ation) | | |
| Is able to find necessary information in the field of corporate finance management, financial markets and investments. | Independent work | Is not able to find necessary information with no assistance | Is able to find necessary information without an assistance | Is able to find new sources of necessary information |

| Is able to analyze the situation in a financial sector or in the field of corporate finance management, applying appropriate research methods, as well as to identify problems | Independent work | Does not understand, which methods are appropriate to situation analysis. Is not able to identify problems | Is able to apply appropriate methods for situation analysis, but it is difficult to make conclusions and identify problems | Is able to analyze the situation, applying appropriate research methods, as well as to identify problems |
|--|---------------------|--|--|--|
| Is able to find a solution of the identified problem in a financial sector or in the field of corporate finance management | Independent work | Is not able to provide a solution | Is able to provide a solution, but cannot substantiate it | Is able to provide a substantiated solution |

Literature (01 - textbooks):

McGuigan, J.R., Kretlow, W.J., Moyer, R.C. (2006). *Contemporary Financial Management*. 3rd ed. South-Western, Thomson. ISBN 0-324-31437-X

Brigham, E.F., Houston, J.F. (2013). *Fundamentals of Financial Management*. 3rd ed. South-Western Cengage Learning., ISBN 978-0538-48260-8

Fundamentals of corporate finance. Canadian ed. Toronto: McGraw-Hill Ryerson, 2007. 834 lpp. ISBN 9780070959101

Jones, Charles P. Investments: principles and concepts. Hoboken, N.J.: Wiley, c2010. xxvi, 608 p. ISBN 9780470553077

Literature (02-additional literature):

Brealey, R.A., Myers St.C. (1991). Principles of Corporate Finance. 4th ed. McGraw-Hill, Inc., ISBN 0-07-007405-4

Schoenebeck, Karen P. Interpreting and analyzing financial statements: a project-based approach. Upper Saddle River, N.J.: Pearson/Prentice Hall, 2013. 339 lpp. ISBN 9780132746243

Literature (03 – recommended periodical and Internet resources):

- 1) Financial visualization: finviz.com
- 2) Trading economics: http://www.tradingeconomics.com/
- 3) Eurostat data warehouse: http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/data/database
- 4) Market information on financial instruments: https://www.tradingview.com/
- 5) Theoretical concepts: http://accountingexplained.com/
- 6) Information on companies and industries: http://www.reuters.com/europe http://www.reuters.com/

FINANCIAL MARKETS AND INVESTMENTS

| Author/-s of the study course: | | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Associate Professor, Dr.oec., Jelena Titko | | | | | | |
| Credits (Latvian): | ECTS: | | | | | |
| 4 | 6 | | | | | |
| Final evaluation form: | | | | | | |
| Exam | | | | | | |
| Study course prerequisites: | | | | | | |
| - | | | | | | |
| Study course aim: | | | | | | |
| To provide students with knowledge, skills and compete | | | | | | |
| Study course learning outcomes (Knowledge, Skills | | | | | | |
| 1. Understands the core of the concepts related to finan | cial markets, financial institutions and investments. | | | | | |
| 2. Understands the principles of fundamental approache | | | | | | |
| 3. Is able to evaluate different types of financial instrume | ents. | | | | | |
| 4. Is able to perform investment portfolio analysis. | | | | | | |
| 5. Is able to discuss subject-related issues in well-argue | d manner. | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Study course thematic plan: | | | | | | |
| Basic definitions: investments, financial markets, fin | nancial instruments. | | | | | |
| ² Financial Markets | | | | | | |
| 3 Financial Institutions | Financial Institutions | | | | | |
| Central Banking and International Finance | Central Banking and International Finance | | | | | |
| Financial Market Instruments | | | | | | |
| 6 Money Market Instruments | Money Market Instruments | | | | | |
| 7 Portfolio analysis | | | | | | |
| 8 Derivative Instruments | | | | | | |

| Stud | Study course calendar plan: | | | | | | |
|------|--|---|----------------------|---|--|--|--|
| | | Lecture contact hours (incl. seminars, discussions) | | | | | |
| No. | Topic | full-time studies | part-time studies | part-time studies with e - learning elements | | | |
| 125. | Basic definitions: investments, financial markets, financial instruments. | 4 | | | | | |
| 126. | Financial Markets: o Money market o Equity and Debt securities market o Derivatives market | 4 | | | | | |
| 127. | Financial Institutions: | 4 | | | | | |
| 128. | Central Banking and International Finance: Central banks' activities Foreign Exchange Market International Financial System | 8 | | | | | |
| 129. | Financial Market Instruments: Stocks Bonds | 8 | | | | | |

| Stud | Study course calendar plan: | | | | | | |
|------|-----------------------------|---|----------------------|---|--|--|--|
| | | Lecture contact hours (incl. seminars, discussions) | | | | | |
| No. | Topic | full-time studies | part-time studies | part-time studies with e - learning elements | | | |
| 130. | Money Market Instruments: | 8 | | | | | |
| 131. | Portfolio analysis | 4 | | | | | |
| 132. | Derivative Instruments: | 8 | | | | | |
| | Total: | 48 | | | | | |

| Independent work description: | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|---|-------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Study form | Type of independent work | Form of control | | | | | |
| | Evaluation of different types of securities | Individual home task | | | | | |
| | Compulsory literature: No. 1, 4. | | | | | | |
| | 2. Evaluation of derivatives | Individual home task | | | | | |
| | Compulsory literature: No. 1, 4. | | | | | | |
| full-time studies | 3. Investment portfolio evaluation | Individual home task | | | | | |
| | Compulsory literature: No. 1, 3 | | | | | | |
| | 4. Peculiarities of (type) market in (particular country) | Group work Presentation | | | | | |
| | Compulsory literature: No. 2, 3. | In-class reporting | | | | | |
| | Additional literature: No. 2 | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

| Structure of the study course: | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|--|---|---|-------|----------------------------|---|------------------------------------|--|
| | | Contact hours | 5 | | | | | |
| Study form | Lecture contact hours (incl. seminars, discussions etc.) | Consultations, guest lectures, conferences, study visits, workshops, business games and simulations etc. | Final evaluation in the course | Total | Individual work (hours) | Compulsory reading and/or audio and video material listening/watching | Total course credit hours | |
| full-time studies | 48 | 12 | 4 | 64 | 64 | 32 | 160 | |

| The | The evaluation of the study course learning outcomes: | | | | | | | |
|-----|---|----------------------|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| No. | Learning outcome | Evaluation method/-s | Evaluation criteria Minimum level Average level High level Excellent level (40% till 64%) (65% till 84%) (85% till 94%) (95% till 100%) | | | | | |
| 1 | Understands the core of the concepts and terms related to financial markets and investments | Tests Exam | Understands the meaning of basic subject-related terms | Understands the subject-related concepts and terms, but has some difficulties to discuss about | Understands the core of the subject-related concepts and terms and is able to discuss about in a well-argued manner | Understands the subject-related concepts at the level to be able to explain them to others | | |
| 2 | Understands the financial system structure and the principles | Tests Exam | Understands the basic principles | Understands the principles, but has some difficulties to discuss about | Understands the principles and is able to discuss about in a well-argued manner | Understands the principles of valuation fundamentals at the level to be able to | | |

| | of the functioning of financial institutions | | | | | explain them to others |
|---|--|--|--|---|---|---|
| 3 | Is able to evaluate different types of financial instruments | Tests Exam | Is able to apply basic valuation techniques, but sometimes has difficulties to apply them properly | Is able to apply valuation techniques properly, but has some difficulties to interpret the results | Is able to apply various valuation techniques and interpret the results | Is able to apply various valuation techniques, interpret the results and suggest application improvements |
| 4 | Is able to discuss about financial markets, financial institutions and investments in a well-argued manner | Group work Presentation Discussion | Is able to discuss only basic subject- related questions | Is able to discuss the subject-related questions, but has some difficulties to find arguments | Is able to discuss the subject-related questions in well- argued manner | Is able to discuss the subject-related questions and make suggestions to solve the problems |

Literature and information sources:

Compulsory literature and information sources

- 1 Peleg, D. (2014). Fundamental Models in Financial Theory. Cambridge: The MIT Press.
- Levinson, M. (2014). Guide to Financial Markets: Why They Exist and How They Work. 6th ed. London: The Profile Books Ltd.
- Pilbeam, K. (2018). Finance and Financial Markets. 4th ed. Red Globe Press.

 Walker, L.G. (2019). Technical Analysis: Complete And Simple Guide To The Fundamentals Of Technical Analysis For Trading. Independently published.

Additional literature and information sources

- Haan, J. D., Oosterloo, S. & Schoenmaker, D. (2009). European Financial Markets and Institutions. New York: Cambridge University Press.
- Mishkin, F. S., Matthews, K. & Giuliodori, M. (2013). The Economics of Money, Banking and Financial Markets. Harlow: Pearson Education Limited.

Other information sources

- 1 Trading economics: http://www.tradingeconomics.com/
- Market information on financial instruments: https://www.tradingview.com/
- Information on companies and industries: https://www.bloomberg.com/europe https://www.reuters.com/
- Statistics: https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/data/database